

STRICTLY CASH MARKET

The Finest Steaks and Roasts

F. H. MILKS

A New Church Edifice for Grayling.

The long proposed, and much discussed New Methodist Episcopal Church edifice is now possible.

Owing to the splendid generosity of Mr. Nels Michelson one of Grayling's leading citizens, the hope and dream of many Christian souls is at last realized and interpreted by the following fact.

A contract has been made with Mr. Fred J. Bremer of Hemlock, Mich., to carry out plans and erect a New Brick Church edifice on the old church site, the work to commence immediately.

The Architect is Mr. Lee Black of Lansing, and he will supervise the work. Next Sunday will be the last opportunity to hold services in the present building and they will be held morning and evening at 10:30 and 7:00 o'clock.

The Sunday school scholars will have the last opportunity together in the old building on Sunday next. Two special sermons will be preached on Sunday morning and evening by the Pastor, and a special address will be given to the Sunday school scholars. Let Sunday next live in your memories and will the towns people and visitors please rally at these services, Sunday morning at 10:30—Evening at 7:00 o'clock.

A picture of the building is being made and when completed, will be

ANOTHER GRAYLING CASE.

It proves That There's a Way Out for Many Suffering Grayling Folks.

Just another report of a case in Grayling. Another typical case. Kidney ailments relieved in Grayling with Doan's Kidney Pills.

J. D. Thompson, M. & N. E. R. R. station agent, Lake St., Grayling, says: "Whenever colds have settled on my kidneys, my back has been weak and lame and I have had a steady ache thru the small of it. A few boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, which I get at Olson's Drug store, have never failed to cure an attack of this complaint in short order. I can also recommend Doan's Kidney Pills highly for children with weak kidneys."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Thompson recommends. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Maxitires Service.

Titanic Unbreakable Springs for all makes of cars; tires and tubes, in connection with sale of Maxitires.

Henry Joseph.

published in the Avalanche and also be placed on exhibition in some public place in the city.



Grayling Opera House to-night, Sept. 6; matinee 2:30, evening 7:00

BENEFIT ENTERTAINMENT PROVES DELIGHTFUL EVENT.

Red Cross Chapter Adds Finances, Soldiers Feature in Program.

The Red Cross benefit entertainment gotten up by some of our most active members, and given at Temple theatre last week Friday night, was most successful in every particular.

The program was a most excellent one and made a hit with the large audience that crowded the Temple to the walls. There was vocal and instrumental music, pianologues, interpretive dancing, monologues, etc., and all were of a high class.

The program was opened with a solo by Mrs. Carl Michelson, accompanied by Mrs. Walter Maner of Lansing, and with violin obligato.

Mrs. Herbert Wolf gave a pianologue and had to respond with a second encore.

The interpretive dancing of Marjorie Wolf of Portage lake and Marjorie Livingston of St. Louis, Mo., was exceedingly graceful and clever. The young ladies were loudly applauded.

Some excellent talent from the Military camp contributed to the entertainment and every number was deserving of the splendid encore they received. There were violin solos; some funny things were said and sung by a monologist, and a quartette brot down the house with laughter. Their singing was richly harmonious and the crowd just wouldn't let them leave the stage; Song after song was sung until—well—their gasoline blew up and they had to quit.

Interpersed with the program numbers were overtures by the 31st Regimental band.

After the program the floor was cleared of chairs and there was dancing until 12:00 o'clock midnight. Music was furnished by the Jazz orchestra of the M. A. C. under direction of Will Lauder of this city.

The use of the Temple theatre was donated free for the occasion as was also the talent taking part. The proceeds received from the entertainment amounted to about \$45.00 after all necessary expenses were paid.

Manistee Trade Boosters Coming to Grayling.

(From the Manistee Advocate.)

"With the completion of negotiations for chartering a special train on the M. & N. E. the last essential preliminary for the Manistee merchants' first trade extension tour to Grayling on Tuesday, Sept. 11, has been disposed of. The tour is being arranged and is to be conducted by the Board of Commerce and the latter, thru its committee, has chartered the train.

"Another factor of much importance is the decision to take the band along to cheer the tourists enroute and liven up things wherever stops are made. There will positively be no chance for the blue-devils to wedge in edgewise at any stage of the trip.

"The train leaves here at 7:00 a. m. sharp and arrives at Grayling at 12:40 p. m.

LUNCHEON AT GRAYLING.

"Sandwiches and coffee will be served on the train and luncheon will be had at Grayling. The business men pay for their own lunch there, but Grayling parties will make arrangements in advance so that there will be plenty to eat when the trade missionaries arrive. Mayor T. Hanson of Grayling will have charge of these arrangements.

"The party will have over three hours in Grayling, the train starting on the return trip at 4 p. m. and arriving in Manistee at 8 p. m. No stops will be made on the homeward journey."

Peerless laundry—Work called for Wednesday mornings, and delivered Saturdays. Also dry cleaning. Burton and Bugby, agents, Grayling.

RESIGNED AS PHYSICAL TRAINER.

L. C. Bundgaard Has Accepted Similar Position at Greenfield, Ohio.

L. C. Bundgaard has resigned as physical director of our schools and accepted a similar position with the schools of Greenfield, Ohio. He left for that place today.

Mr. Bundgaard came to Grayling during the latter part of 1914 to take charge of the Danish gymnasium, which was formally opened January 1, 1915.

EIGHT SOLDIERS INITIATED IN MASONRY.

Ionic Lodge of Detroit, Confer 3rd Degree. Nearly 400 Present.

Eight soldiers of the Hanson reservation, were initiated into the mysteries of the Third degree of Masonry at the School auditorium Saturday night, by the officers of Ionic lodge of Detroit.

The charter and furniture of Grayling lodge No. 357 were transferred to the auditorium and when the time came there was ready a perfect Masonic temple, and large enough to accommodate the crowd that was to come.

NOTICE

The Board of County Road Commissioners, of the County of Crawford, extend an invitation to all of the residents of the county, who are interested in the question of good roads, to attend a public meeting which will be held in the court house at Grayling, Michigan, on September 10th, at 2 o'clock p. m.

We expect to have present at this meeting the State Highway Commissioner, the members of the Boards of Roscommon and Otsego counties and all of the Supervisors of this county.

Your Board of County Road commissioners desire to lay out a system of roads that will meet with the approval of the general public, and urgently requests all of the citizens to attend this meeting.

T. W. HANSON,

B. PETER JOHNSON,

RALPH HANNA,

Board of County Road Commissioners.

His work there among the young people attracted the attention of our school board and at the time our new school house was opened he was engaged to teach physical training in our schools. This latter position he has filled with considerable credit to him and with wonderful physical development among our school pupils. He not only has assisted in building up the health of our boys and girls but he has also taught them how to play. To those who have given the latter matter serious consideration it might impress them to be unimportant, but is of great importance.

These things are fast becoming recognized, especially among educational institutions, as important branches of personal and physical development, and it is just such people as Mr. Bundgaard who are being called to this service as instructors. The Ling system of gymnastics, which is used by Mr. Bundgaard in his teachings, is considered unexcelled for the development of the human body. It is not violent and may be taken by the frailest person, yet it has a faculty of developing every muscle in the body and seems to renew life and energy. Many of our business men joined his classes during the winter season and derived great good from the training they received.

Greenfield is a city of nearly 5,000 and has much larger schools than Grayling and are in a position to pay a larger salary to their physical director than Grayling, and this is the reason of Mr. Bundgaard's resignation.

He has done a great deal of good here and we wish to congratulate the people and schools of Greenfield on having him on their staff of teachers this year.

Gott! Vos Ist Lose!!

BY CHARLES F. REMINGTON.

Say! Gott! vos ist lose? Must I gourt-martial you?
Vwy should I a bardtner haf who seems to nudding do?
Ven you mit me gonsidert 'bout ven I'd start dis fight,
I told you extra blainly I'd back you cop all right.
Dot's vot I did. You bet your life on dot.

Vot haf you done for me? Answer your Kaiser, Gott!
I s'pose you t'ink you're busy mit your reg'lar work.
But I tell you—feeling—no man of mine can shirk!
Von Hindenburg schust asked me vos you gone away—
Und he insisted I gommard you to rebort to him to-day;
Course I don't need you very mooch—but every liddle boosts,

Especially in blaace vere the bloomin' Ally roosts.
Mit Russians, French, English, and Uncle Sam—the slob—
I wish you'd take some udder time to monkey on the job.

Nine times to-day already, Gott, I called you ven I prayed.
But judging from results de message vos delayed.
So, ven you get these orders—conveniently or not,
Come quick—for I can use you, efen if you're only Gott!

Yours Retreatingly,
WILHELM.
P.S.—Answer in care of The Kaiser's Off.

FOR QUICK RESULTS USE OUR WANT COLUMN—The Cost Is Small.

Needs Two Cakes of Chocolate.

Mr. O. P. Schumann, Grayling, Mich.

I noticed a copy of the recipe for "Ice Box Cake" which was printed in the Avalanche and the Detroit Free Press. There was a mistake in the printing, it being two cakes of chocolate instead of one.

I case anyone tries this recipe, I would not like to see it be a failure, so perhaps it would be well to print a correction. I remain,

Yours very truly,
Margaret Joseph.

This Store's Blanket Stock Affords the Best Values

We made our purchases of blankets months ago, prior to the advance in price. Hence we are prepared to sell them at the lowest possible figures. Beacon Blankets, Robe Blankets and Traveling Robes. Prices \$3.50 to \$5.00 each.

Very special showing of Cotton Blankets in white, tan, gray and plaids at very low prices

It's Time for Warmer Hosiery and Underwear

New lines for men, women and children.

Ladies' and misses' Fleeced Hosiery at 20 and 25c per pair.

Cashmere Hose, special at 25c per pair.

Women's Silk Boot Hose, of fibre silk, double soles and toes, high spliced heels, black, white and colors, special at 35c per pair.

EMIL KRAUS

Grayling's Leading Dry Goods and Clothing Store

WE NAMED IT MODEL BREAD

Because it equals, if not surpasses, the best home-made bread ever baked. Home bakers find it's useless to fuss with baking when they can get better bread without all that trouble.

Order a loaf from your
Grocer today

Model Bakery and Grocery

THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY

Squeezing the Dollars

It always results, when you go to buy groceries, in one of two things—

You get a POOR article, or
You get LIGHT WEIGHT or SHORT MEASURE
unless you trade with a house that Guarantees you against such profiteering.

Honest Goods—Honest Prices

The entire reputation of our business rests upon these two words. You don't need to squeeze your dollar here—it will go its full length in buying actual honest values in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds. Come to us and see how perfectly satisfied we can make you as to QUALITY and PRICE.

H. Petersen, GROCER

Phone No. 25

Millions of Mothers

are feeding their families the purest and best of food—home-made bread. Millions more would do so if they realized the value of home-made bread, the economy of home baking and knew how easily thoroughly delicious bread can be made from

Lily White

"The Flour the Best Cooks Use."

Then, too, there is the satisfaction of hearing the folks express their delight over the goodness of everything baked.

The next time you buy flour insist on having Lily White. Your dealer is instructed to promptly return your money if you do not like it better for both bread and pastry baking than any flour you ever used.

DOMESTIC SCIENCE DEPARTMENT
VALLEY CITY MILLING COMPANY,
Grand Rapids, Mich.

Note—Our Domestic Science Department is open to correspondence and engagement. Information pertaining to cookery, canning and home economics promptly furnished and demonstrations arranged.

WANT A GOOD POSITION?

PREPARE FOR ONE IN PROSPEROUS DETROIT BY ATTENDING AN ACTING SCHOOL—THE

Business University

SEND FOR FREE BULLETIN. COUNSEL. C. WEST. CHAS. B. H. H.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AVALANCHE.

WHY BUNGALOW IS SO POPULAR

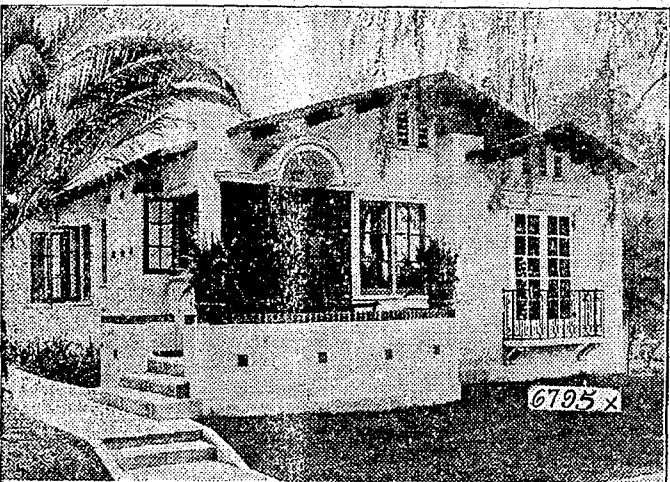
Pacific Coast Architects Have Developed This Type of Dwelling.

THE MOST ADAPTABLE STYLE

Use of Poor Material and Tolerant of Cheap Workmanship Is Bad Economy—Charming Model Described Here.

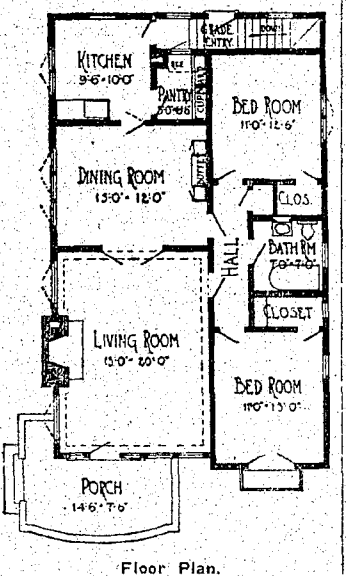
By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.
Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 1827 Prairie Avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

The work of architects and builders on the western coast of this country in establishing the bungalow type of residence as a distinct style of architecture, is having its effect in the general adoption of this style, with various modifications, in practically every part of the country. It is a most adaptable style; in fact, the application of the style has been extended over such a wide range of buildings that the meaning of the word, "bungalow," has almost been lost. That is, the meaning which has been given it by adoption of the word to designate the style of building found in its original type in California particularly. The "dictionary meaning" of the word could hardly apply to the home of a modern American, unless, perhaps, it might be his summer home along the bank of a river, on the shores of a



lake or in the woods. The "dictionary bungalow" is decidedly a hot climate building.

The modern American bungalow may be and usually is constructed with as much care and contains as high a grade of materials as would be used in the largest residences. The use of poor materials and the toleration of poor workmanship is false economy in this smaller building just as it is in any other building. A warning might be extended to those who have selected the bungalow style but do not have a great deal of money to invest in their home: Do not be misled by the belief that it is necessary to load down the bungalow with elaborate ornamentation in order to obtain an attractive home. The Western bungalow is often quite elaborate in its decorative treatment and is, therefore, far



Floor Plan.

from the low-price class when the amount of useful space provided in its interior is considered. The illustration shows a bungalow of the Western type which we might say strikes an average as far as the structural decoration is concerned.

It is far more important to hold closely to high-grade construction than it is to spend money in decoration, if a limitation is available capital exists. Of course, there is value in appearance both from the personal satisfaction which it gives the owner and also from the effect which it has on the salability of the property. A certain amount is necessary in any style of residence. However, the kind of ornamentation which is called for may be expensive or otherwise, and the man of limited means should guard against the selection of a house which requires an excessive expenditure for this purpose. Most bungalows may be sufficiently decorated by the use of exposed rafters and perhaps false purlin ends or purlin brackets on the roof. These things do not represent an objectionable increase in cost and they are very effective. Artistic casement windows may be used to produce a most effective appearance without excess cost. If the material which he selects for the walls of his house is brick, he should not use special bonds. Let the wall decoration consist of a

soldier course of brick entirely around the house at grade or such a course above the windows. Avoid decoration which requires excess labor and is likely to incur a loss of materials due to cutting the building units into irregular shapes or sizes. The architect or the contractor who is familiar with the design of residences is fully acquainted with the matter of inexpensive yet effective house decoration and he knows how to design the house so that this sort of decoration is all that is needed to round out the appearance of the house into what is artistically pleasing.

Coming again to a consideration of the bungalow which is illustrated here and which we have selected as representing the average of the Western type in the matter of decoration, consider, first, the exterior design of this residence. The walls of this attractive bungalow are made of pure white stucco which can be placed on either wood or metal lath. This method of construction is becoming more popular all the time and it has many good features that will recommend it to the home builder.

The front of the house is particularly ornate because of a happy combination of details including the attractive entrance, the casement windows, the French doors, the lounge ventilators and roof lines. The porch is built with no roof and is made very inviting by the broad door, flanked by windows. The projecting roof with its false purlin ends is typical of bungalow construction and is thoroughly in keeping with this particular design. The dark finish of the roof and front door provide a pleasing contrast with the white walls of the building. The effect is carried out by the dark finish of the window sash and the face brick coping used on the porch rail. The small brick panels set in the wall surface furnish a novel means of relieving the monotony of unbroken wall surfaces. Another unusual decorative feature is the balcony with its ornamental iron railing in front of the French doors.

The floor plan shows a room arrangement that is very pleasing—the living

room especially is just the sort of a room that one would expect to find in a home with such an artistic exterior. This room is entered directly from the front porch and its large size presents a pleasing aspect. It is 20 by 15 feet and a large fireplace is located in the center of the outside wall with double casement windows on each side. This room is connected to the dining room by double French doors.

The dining room is well lighted by three casement windows. Opposite these is a built-in buffet that will add to the usefulness and convenience of this room. The kitchen is almost a model for a house of this size. It is small and compact and is arranged to do the work that must be done to a minimum. The pantry contains the refrigerator which is of the type which can be used from the rear entry, a small door being built into the pantry wall for this purpose. The bedroom arrangement, having the bath placed on the hall connecting the two bedrooms is excellent. The entire arrangement is simple but its convenience could hardly be improved upon.

Drastic Remedy.
She was a fair-haired lady, an actress by profession, and dainty without. Her headgear consisted of a bowl-like foundation, from which protruded plumes mounted on slender wires. She sauntered into a theater, and took her seat to witness the great play, "Ashamed of Her Brother."

There was a touch on her hat. Loftily and haughtily she turned.

"Does my hat annoy you?" she asked.

"Not at all," replied the person behind her.

"The footlight favorite thought for a minute. She feared she had been ungracious, and, like Dick Whittington, she turned again.

"Perhaps the plumes interfere with your view?" she suggested more amiably.

"Oh, no, thank you," replied the self-possessed young woman; "I've bent 'em back."

Backward.
James was standing beside the cradle of his month-old brother, trying to quiet him, when his mother came in and picked the baby up. After picking him up, she said to the father: "I really do not know what is the matter. Joseph will be eleven months old tomorrow and he has only two teeth."

James said: "Gee, that ain't nothing. Grandma's eighty years old and she only has one."

Value of Honey.
"Honey, one of the most nutritious and delicate of foods, should be eaten more than it is," writes a cooking expert. "Bought in the comb, it is bound to be unadulterated, and will keep one free from sore throat and bronchial troubles. Honey has been used as a cosmetic. The result is a finer textured complexion, a glowing color, a young, fresh look."

St. Paul in Macedonia.
Macedonia was the first part of Europe which received the gospel direct from St. Paul. The account of this journey through Macedonia (Acts 16:10, 15-19) is marked by copious detail and well-defined incident.

KEEPING BOOKS FOR COWS PAYS PROFITS

Record of Michigan Testing Associations Show Value of Work.

MOVEMENT GROWS IN STATE

408 Members, Owning 5,642 Cows, Are Enrolled—Weed Out the Cows Which Prove Unprofitable.

By J. A. WALDRON, Extension Agent in Dairying, Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—A year ago there were just 250 farmers, owning 3,629 cows, enrolled as members of co-operative cow-testing associations in Michigan. Today there are 408 dairymen, owning 5,642 cows, who are members of such associations. This represents a growth in these bodies of almost 60 per cent within the past 12 months. The figures are a few taken from the annual reports of these organizations made to the college on July 1.

To observing dairymen, this record of progress in co-operative cow-testing work speaks eloquently. It is a testimonial to the fact that these producers of dairy products have found it worth while to keep exactly just how each of their cows is performing—but more than this, the progress made is a lesson in the value of co-operation. While uniting primarily only to improve their herds and to employ testers to separate the paying from the losing animals, these men have also taken up other matters of importance to the dairy business and of interest to their communities.

The successes achieved by Cow Testing Association No. 1, in Berrien county, are an illustration, and should furnish inspiration to those districts where this work of organization has not yet been taken up. The association was formed by C. L. Burlingham of the dairy division in December, 1915, and it began work on April 9, 1916, with 26 members, owning 350 cows, and a young man, Clarence B. Cook, in charge. Seventeen of the 24 herds enrolled were grade, or purebred Guernseys, for this section is probably the foremost Guernsey district in the state. An immediate result of the cow testing association's labors among the Guernsey men was the formation of a Guernsey Breeders' association, which has proved to be a big factor in promoting the development of the cattle business in the locality.

But how about the results obtained by testing, since it will be assumed that this is the primary interest with a cow testing association? In this field the report of the association, shows 59 cows were sold during the year because their records under test showed they would not finish the year with a profit for their owners. A total of 208 cows, however, finished the year with a full 12 months' record to their credit.

The average production per cow for the entire association was 5,765 pounds of fat. The highest net profit on any one animal was \$108.00, while the most profitless cow was kept at a loss of \$81.90. The highest net profit per cow in any one herd was \$95.53. Another herd was kept at a loss of 4.15 per cow.

The records showed further that one cow, a purebred Holstein, which previously had made a record of almost 25 pounds of butterfat in seven days, made only 106 pounds of butterfat during the year, and was kept at a loss of \$31.98.

In still another herd, the difference between returns yielded by the best cow and the poorest cow was \$112.00. The highest butterfat production was made by a grade Guernsey producing 588 pounds of butterfat, while the highest herd average was 424.5 pounds of fat. These figures show a few of the possibilities and pitfalls of the dairy business thought out by the cow-testing records. They have been given wide publicity in the community where they were secured.

These association records have also been used to good advantage in the district in the selling of purebred and grade Guernseys. A grade Guernsey which led the association in butterfat production sold at a public sale for \$200, when in all probability she could not have brought more than \$125 at the same sale without her production record.

The association has been as effective additionally in stimulating dairy work in other localities. Branch county's association owes its start to Berrien No. 1. Three men in Branch county purchased purebred cattle with cow-testing records in Berrien and were so impressed with the association's activities that when they went home they immediately petitioned their county agent to organize an association in their community, giving the movement a new impetus in this region. This association in Branch county is continuing in operation.

It might be well to state here that dairymen interested in this work and desirous of seeing something of the sort taken up in their localities might do well to take up the matter with their county agent and the department of dairy husbandry of the college.

The Best Part of It.
Hokus—Hello, old man. Back in town again, eh? How did you enjoy your vacation?
Pokus—Well, I'm so glad to get home again that I'm glad now I went.—New York Times.

Garden Life.
"Getting anything out of your garden?"
"Well, this morning I got two roosters and three hens out of it in double quick order."

Nerve.
Smith—What makes you think that Hindenburg has more nerve than Washington?
Jones—Well, I know that Washington never called a retreat a victory.—Judge.

Limiting a Sentiment.
"Do you have any difficulty in making your boy fond of his home?"
"I don't want him to be too fond of his home," replied Mrs. Cornstossel. "Josh is no slacker."

HOGGING CORN SAVES LABOR

Many Michigan Farmers Find It Profitable Way to Harvest the Crop.

By PROF. GEORGE A. BROWN, Department of Animal Husbandry, Michigan Agricultural College.
East Lansing, Mich.—The call to arms, and the equally insistent call of city industry now so rapidly combining to drain the country districts of their farm hands, may put many a Michigan farmer hard up against the labor problem this fall. This situation, for farmers whose men have been taken, will largely resolve itself into one of finding a way to get in the corn crop with as little outside help as possible.

"Hogging down" is one means by which this can be accomplished—though it is applicable, of course, only to those farms where there are enough hogs, or sheep, to do the work.

Letting the hogs harvest the corn has these advantages:
1. The cost of husking and storing will run from eight to ten cents per bushel. When we add to this the time required to feed the hogs, it will be seen that an immense saving in labor is effected by letting the hogs do the work themselves.

2. The manure produced by the hogs is more thoroughly distributed over the fields, and a much larger proportion of it saved than is the case where the animals are confined in a small inclosure.

3. Sanitary conditions are usually better in the field than they would be in a small lot.

4. Necessity for providing space for the crop is eliminated and loss caused by rats and mice is done away with.

But there are also some disadvantages. These are:
1. Roughage is not utilized to any appreciable extent.

2. There is some expense and labor involved in fencing off small areas of the field at a time.

3. The necessity of hauling water to the field where hogs cannot reach the regular feeding place is sometimes bothersome.

4. The puddling of heavy soils if the season is wet.

The advisability of following the practice of hogging of crops will depend quite largely on the value attached to the roughage, the cost of providing necessary fencing, and the possibility of providing water and shelter without too great an expense.

Shoats weighing from 100 to 125 pounds are well suited to hogging off corn. For best results, also, the hogs should have some supplementary protein feed. A clover or alfalfa meadow adjoining the corn field is ideal for this purpose.

Another method of providing a supplementary feed is by sowing rye or rape in the corn field at the last cultivation. If none of these are available a commercial protein, such as digested tankage or "shorts" should be provided in a self-feeder, or fed in the form of slop.

CLEAN BEANS BEST FOR SEED

Selection in Field Now Will Give Supply for Next Season's Crop.

By J. H. MUNCIE, Bean Specialist, Michigan Agricultural College.

Lansing, Mich.—Bean fields inspected in many parts of the state this season by the writer show the presence of much blight. This fact, however, is not commented upon as anything either new or astounding, for scarcely any other result could have been expected when it is remembered what many growers planted last spring.

Samples submitted to the college early in the year showed the presence of blight in a high percentage of seed, even where it had been hand-picked. But these inspections this fall have also furnished evidence of the value of carefully selecting clean seed in the field. The crops which have been grown this year from this sort of seed are larger, the pick per bushel is less, and the beans are ripening more evenly than is the case with crops grown from elevator seed.

Appreciating this fact, there seems to be no valid reason why every grower in Michigan should not increase his bean yield in 1918 by using disease-free seed, selected in the field. This method of securing seed is one which progressive growers have found highly profitable in all the bean growing sections of the state.

These men, when their beans mature, simply go through the field and pull those plants showing vigorous growth, and a large number of clean pods. When a sufficient number of these have been gathered, they are threshed by flailing. After this threshing the beans are carefully picked, and the small ones and those showing disease discoloration are removed.

In selecting, it should be remembered that all seed selected from pods affected with blight will, if planted, produce a diseased crop. All possible care should be taken in selecting, therefore, to secure plants as free from blight as possible. A high-yielding plant, with pods badly marked, should not be pulled.

Many growers buy seed from neighbors who have good results with their beans, but before buying be sure you have seen the crop from which the seed is threshed. If the field is badly blighted, secure your seed elsewhere.

High yields of beans are often greatly reduced after the beans are hand-picked. Seed from a field with a lower yield of beans, but with a low pick, will often be a safe investment.

UNCLE SAM TAKES KEEN INTEREST IN 1917 APPLE CROP

Our Dig Fruit Harvest Must Be Used to Help Save Wheat and Meat for Allies.

FOOD ADMINISTRATION PLANS

"Consumer Campaign" Throughout the Land to Aid in Home Consumption During Autumn, Winter and Spring of Next Year.

Uncle Sam takes the keenest interest in this year's apple crop. For the fruit must be used to help save wheat and meat for our allies.

The food administration is planning a consumer campaign of publicity throughout the country.

This year's apple crop calls for intelligent handling. The latest government reports indicate a crop of about 190,000,000 bushels. That is a little below normal. Good prices are assured for all honestly packed, first quality apples, and also for honestly packed, selected second grades, which government experts say can be put into storage. When the crop is big it does not pay to store second grades, but this year, despite the fact that we cannot ship our usual 2,000,000 barrels of apples abroad, because shipping space is precious, we should be able to get fair prices for all good apples at home.

Careless packing of poor quality fruit has always been one of the chief causes of market instability and unsatisfactory prices to the growers. This year the whole apple industry is co-operating to remove this market handicap. There has never been an apple year such as this one is going to be. Growers have never been able to get together and engage and finance a national educational campaign among consumers to increase apple consumption. This year the situation makes it necessary for the United States government, through the food administration, to conduct a consumer's campaign of publicity on behalf of the apple. This campaign will begin while the crop is being sent to market, and will probably continue until the last apple is eaten up late next spring.

So the grower has three great incentives for grading, packing and storing this crop with special care.

1. It is a good crop and calls for care.
2. The government will encourage apple eating and apple storage and will discourage speculation that raises the price abnormally.

3. We must eat up at home more than two million barrels of apples, which would ordinarily be exported. To get the best of the crop to the market in prime condition it must be picked carefully at the time of maturity and promptly cooled in temporary storage, and then skillfully graded and packed. Second-grade fruit should not go into barrels or boxes. If it cannot be marketed in bulk in near-by consuming centers, then it should be worked up into by-products along with the culls.

There has been a gratifying improvement in apple marketing the past two or three years. Western apples are boxed to strictly honest standards, by the great co-operative growers' organizations in Washington, Oregon, California, Idaho and Colorado. The eastern barrel apple has also been wonderfully improved in New York and other states. Because apples are honestly packed and give the best possible value for the money, there is an increase in the consumer demand. Retail merchants who were formerly almost afraid to buy apples in barrels, because they were not sure of getting marketable values for their money, are now buying freely and in confidence. This good work makes it possible for the government to go further and encourage the use of apples as a war-time food measure.

Because the bulk of the crop will be picked by volunteer workers this year, and put into common storage until the grower can find time to grade and pack, there will be an opportunity to give closer personal attention to the grading and packing than might be the case if the crop were handled as in peace times. For the grower who desires instructions in apple packing, the department of agriculture at Washington has information in bulletin form. These bulletins can be secured free by writing to the department. Growers will do well to obtain a few copies for their pickers and packers.

Find a Use for Rats.
The city authorities of Stockholm have begun a campaign against rats by offering a reward of 2½ cents for every dead one. While it is hoped this to reduce the rat plague considerably, the chief end is to get an important addition to the stocks of fats available for the making of soaps and lubricants. The rats are treated in a "corpse utilization establishment," where after the fat has been boiled out, what remains is converted into a poultry food. South Sweden has for some time been utilizing carcasses of animals. Considerable fat is also obtained by skimming large containers placed in the sewers leading from hotels, restaurants and other places where there is an unavoidable waste of fat.

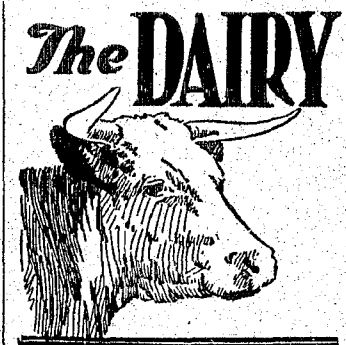
Free From Any Such Taint.
Parson—"This eccentricity you speak of in your daughter, isn't it, after all, a matter of heredity?" Girl's Mother—"No, sir. I'd have you know that there was never any heredity in our family."—Boston Transcript.

One Explanation.
"I like this poem of yours to a brook. It fairly gurgles. You evidently wrote it by a rippling rill." "Not exactly," said the poet, "but I did write it with a fountain pen. Maybe that accounts for it."

Get New Separator.
Discard the half worn-out cream separator and buy a new one. You cannot afford to waste any butterfat at present prices.

Roots Aid Milk Flow.
Don't overlook the root crops if you are milking cows. Succulent feed aids the milk flow.

Make Churning Easier.
Dip up as little milk as possible with the cream when skimming and the churning will be easier.



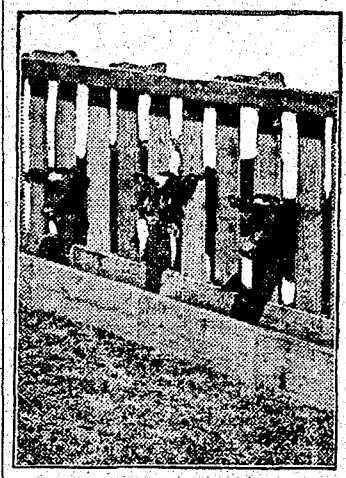
ROB CALF OF MOTHER'S MILK

Expert of Colorado Station Says It Is "Saving at the Spigot and Losing at the Bung."

(By GEORGE H. GLOVER, Colorado Agricultural College, Fort Collins.)

We are beginning to question whether after all it pays in the long run to rob the calf of its mother's milk and try to raise the future cow on whitewash and sawdust, or, to express it with a little more moderation, to try to raise the calf on separator milk and patent foods.

Certain it is that the calf will keep healthier and grow into a better cow or bull if given whole milk, at least as a part ration. Dairymen have figured it out to their satisfaction that whole milk is too valuable to feed to calves and from the standpoint of immediate returns, these figures don't lie. But if we could in some way estimate the ultimate loss in calves that die from this treatment, the depreciation in value of mature animals that have been stunted in their growth and the price that must be paid for milk cows, it might look different. Is it not a case of 'saving at the spigot and losing at the bung'?



Feeding Calves in Stanchions.

But the government will encourage apple eating and apple storage and will discourage speculation that raises the price abnormally.

3. We must eat up at home more than two million barrels of apples, which would ordinarily be exported. To get the best of the crop to the market in prime condition it must be picked carefully at the time of maturity and promptly cooled in temporary storage, and then skillfully graded and packed. Second-grade fruit should not go into barrels or boxes. If it cannot be marketed in bulk in near-by consuming centers, then it should be worked up into by-products along with the culls.

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Removing Horns on Calves.
Application of Caustic Potash When Animal Is Two or Three Days Old Is Satisfactory.

Horns on calves may be removed by an application of caustic potash. When the calf is two or three days old, clip the hair from the spot where the horn buttons protrude. Moisten the end of a wrapped stick of caustic potash and rub on the horn. Care should be taken to see that all of the horn is removed in order to prevent the growth of scurs. The calf should not be turned out into the rain immediately after the operation, as the caustic preparation may wash down into the eyes and injure them. Caustic potash should be kept in an air-tight container or it will absorb water and dissolve.—Wisconsin College of Agriculture.

SALT IS OFTEN OVERLOOKED

All Animals That Consume Large Quantities of Vegetable Matter Require Some Salt.

An important item that is often overlooked in the management of dairy cows is providing them with plenty of salt. All animals that consume large quantities of vegetable food require salt. Unless cows receive plenty of salt they will cease to thrive, and will therefore decrease in milk flow. Some dairymen mix the salt with the feed, but the better plan is to keep it in a convenient place where the cows may have ready access to it when they so desire.

Get New Separator.
Discard the half worn-out cream separator and buy a new one. You cannot afford to waste any butterfat at present prices.

Roots Aid Milk Flow.
Don't overlook the root crops if you are milking cows. Succulent feed aids the milk flow.

Make Churning Easier.
Dip up as little milk as possible with the cream when skimming and the churning will be easier.

COULDN'T ESCAPE.

With pathetic tears on her baby cheeks, little Ethel ran up to the big, stalwart policeman.
"P-p-lease, sir," she sobbed, "will you come and look a bad man up?"
"What's he been doing?" asked the man in blue gently.
"Oo—hoo—hoo," wailed Ethel, "he's b-b-broken up my hoop wif 'nasty bicycle."

"Has he?" replied the bobbie angrily, as he saw tears flow afresh. "Where is he?"
"Oh, you'll easily catch 'im," said Ethel, drying her tears. "They're just carried 'im into that chemist's shop on a shutter!"—Argonaut.



"If we quarrel like this now, what will we do after marriage?"
"Well, if you think I'm going to rush blindly into marriage without finding out who's boss, you're mistaken."

No Divorce There.
"Has every state divorces?"
"Was asked by charming Bess."
"No, not the state," Jack answered. "Of single blessedness."

Easily Done.
"If a woman came up to you on the street and accused you of teaching her husband to play poker, what would you do?" asked Dubson.
"If I played as poor a game as you do," answered Twobble. "I would get a pack of cards and demonstrate to her complete satisfaction that I wasn't guilty."

Postponed Payments.
"Do much credit business?"
"Oh, yes," replied the fashionable grocer. "Practically all my sales are of that kind."
"Do any of your customers pay you on the nail?"
"Well, some of them do, but I have to move the nail up two or three times before they can hit it."

Good Advice.
He—The minister says we must restore stolen goods. Now I stole a kiss from you the other day—
She—I suppose you ought to do what the minister tells you.

INTERESTED.



"I hear they're going to give a divorce coupon with every marriage certificate."

"And how many coupons does one have to save to get a piano?"

PAINS SHARP AND STABBING

Woman Thought She Would Die. Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Ogdenburg, Wis.—"I suffered from female troubles which caused piercing pains like a knife through my back and side. I finally lost all my strength, so I had to go to bed. The doctor advised an operation but I would not listen to it. I thought of what I had read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and tried it. The first bottle brought great relief and six bottles have entirely cured me. All women who have female trouble of any kind should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is the best medicine I have ever used, and it does no harm, but often the most scientific treatment is surpassed by the medicinal properties of the good old-fashioned roots and herbs contained in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

If any complication exists it pays to write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special free advice.

University of Notre Dame

NOTRE DAME, INDIANA
Offers Complete Course in Agriculture
Full courses also in Letters, Journalism, Library Science, Chemistry, Pharmacy, Medicine, Architecture, Commerce and Law.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D.C.
Rates reasonable. Highest references. Estimates free.

Agency for—

TANLAC**Central Drug Store**

Grayling, Michigan

Crawford Avalanche
O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice, Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, SEPT. 6

**Suspicion.**

THE people of this country will have to place a close watch on their feelings in the days that are before us. We are a complex people, made up of a mixture of many races. Across the waters our kinsmen are engaged in deadly conflict, and we have ranged ourselves on the side of one group and against another. But the blood of those others flows largely in the national veins. It is this fact that should cause us to watch carefully that there grow not up in our hearts a suspicion of those of alien blood—enemy blood, if you so term it.

There are and will be spies—many of them. There are and will be traitors—let us hope but few of these. But if we are always watching for spies and traitors we will create an at-

mosphere that will work more injury to our national life than all of the machinations of all of the spies and traitors combined could possibly accomplish.

The good old rule that every man is a gentleman until he is proven otherwise should govern our actions now. When by his actions he proves himself otherwise, then will be time enough to condemn him.

It is a noteworthy fact that the man who is always looking for faults in others can find them, even where they do not exist, and constant suspicion can and will tend to distort perfectly innocent actions into grave offenses.

Our best course is to leave to government officials the work of bringing spies and traitors to justice. Our individual interference might have a tendency to muddy the waters.

It seems all of the colonels are getting promoted except our old friend, Col. John Barleycorn.

"Disarm," says the pope. By all means, but make the other fellow disarm first. He started it.

President Wilson has decided that conscientious scruples need not disqualify a man from active service in road building. Right shoulder, Shovel!

Nicholas Romanoff, one-time czar of all the Russians, has been sent to Siberia. He may now be able to confirm his opinion of the unreasonableness of his former subjects in objecting to the climate of that country.

When a neutral country decides to enter the war on the side of our allies, the next thing to be decided is the size of the loan we are to grant her.

Thru the investigations of the railroad war board it has been discovered that the car shortage is on a par with most of the other "shortages" in this country—ready-made for the occasion.

"Wilson Names 184 Generals," said a recent headline. While nothing is stated to that effect, we presume the colonels will continue to be created in Kentucky, as heretofore.

Crawford County Boys Ordered to Camp Custer at Battle Creek.

The first to be ordered into service in the new national army are two of Grayling's well known young men—Arthur McIntyre and Ransom Burgess. They are ordered to report at Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich., today—Sept. 6.

Crawford county is to furnish 42 men and these will be called out in intervals as fast as the war department may require them; about 5 per cent at this time.

The citizens of Grayling were anxious to do something in the nature of a farewell reception for the departing young men and Mayor T. Hanson came to the front and invited them, together with the members of the Village council and a few other business men, to his Portage lake home for a luncheon today. Some speech-making was had at the time and also, in behalf of those present, Mr. McIntyre and Mr. Burgess were each presented with \$20.00 gold pieces, with admonition that those of us who must remain at home at this time, would have to depend upon them to represent us at the front.

Each boy was given a personal check by R. Hanson which amounts were not disclosed. According to Federal orders the boys had to report at the court house 45 minutes before time for their train to leave. When they arrived there they found the Grayling band waiting to escort them to the train.

By train time there was a large crowd present and it was a good size parade of citizens, about 500 school children and the band that escorted these first two young men of Crawford county, on the first step of their journey to join with Uncle Sam's new American army. With goodbyes and God speeds they were off.

That we will hear good accounts of our Crawford county boys, we have no doubt. The people of this county will be thinking of them and we know that the parents and friends at home are going to hear from them as often as time and circumstances will permit them to write.

McIntyre and Burgess left this afternoon and no doubt will soon be clothed in Uncle Sam's regulation army uniform. As the time for departure drew near both boys were keen for going. McIntyre was a student at M. A. C. where he had training in the manual of arms, thus military work won't be entirely new to him. No doubt the boys in camp will appreciate any letters sent from home. They are going to have the Avalanche also, just as long as they care for it.

Local News

Miss Jane Bird of Gaylord spent yesterday afternoon, a guest of Miss Augusta Kraus.

Rev. Fr. J. J. Riess made his annual retreat to Big Rapids last week, returning the latter part of the week.

Miss Augusta Kraus is entertaining the Misses Maurine Mitchell and Marie Reid of Gaylord, who came yesterday afternoon.

Miss Rae Joseph accompanied her little niece Frances Hoffer to her home in Petoskey last Saturday and spent Sunday in that city. The little girl has been visiting her grandfather and other relatives the past four weeks.

Mrs. Burt Ashenfelter and Miss Mabel Brasie of the local Eastern Star Chapter were in Cheboygan last Friday, in attendance at the annual convention of the Wolverine association of the O. E. S. They report a fine meeting.

Joseph Bracken is suffering from a painful accident, that occurred this morning, while he was at work in the black smithing department of the DuPont Co. A piece of steel flew striking him above the left eye and cutting a deep gash.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Kraus left last Sunday on an auto trip in their Overland auto. They expect to be gone three weeks and will visit in many cities in Michigan and Illinois on their trip. They were accompanied by Mrs. Kraus' sister, Miss Hazel Hurst and nephew Paul Barret, who have been visiting here, also by Mrs. Dimbafsky and son, of Goshen, Ind. who have been guests at the Mrs. A. Kraus home.

Bingo! The electric lights are "on" again. They were tested out yesterday morning and found in perfect working order, and in the evening regular service was resumed. The city was in darkness since July 15. The power plant is in better condition than ever before. A new power wheel and generator have been installed, and each is the latest and most improved type. Chas. Amidon constructed the cement work and assisted in placing the heavy machines in position. Everything is all right now and no doubt service will be uninterrupted again for many years.

HE LET THE BULLET STAY.

How Garibaldi's Leg Was Saved and His Health Restored.

Half a century ago it was the belief of most surgeons that bullets lodged in any part of the body should be probed for and "extracted at all hazards." The modern surgeon, who is able to locate bullets with mathematical accuracy with the X-ray, often allows the bullet to remain where it has lodged unless there is some very special reason for digging it out. And results prove the wisdom of the modern surgeon's attitude.

It is an interesting bit of history that a famous Russian surgeon advocated and practiced the conservative method of letting impacted bullets alone more than fifty years ago and by this method undoubtedly saved the life of the Italian patriot Garibaldi. The great soldier, wounded in the right leg and captured at the battle of Aspromonte, was placed under the care of several European surgeons, who tried unsuccessfully to remove the bullet.

At that time the Russian surgeon Pirogoff was stopping in Heidelberg, and the Russian student at that university raised the sum of 1,000 francs to induce the surgeon to examine Garibaldi. Pirogoff refused the fee, but he visited the patriot, examined his wound and, contrary to the opinions of all the other surgeons, advised letting the bullet alone. He suggested removal to a dry climate with plenty of fresh air and sunshine. The soldier took his advice, moved into a dry climate and recovered.—Exchange.

NAMES IN JAPAN.

The Only Lasting Title a Man Gets Comes When He Dies.

The Japanese have many quaint customs handed down from generation to generation. One of the strangest is that of their naming ceremony. When one month old a Japanese child gets its first name with ceremonial. Trumpets are blown, and the child is borne in great state to the family temple, and behind the procession march the household servants carrying the infant's wardrobe. The servant in the rear of the procession bears a huge box, in which is the priest's fee, together with three slips of paper, on which three names are written. On reaching the temple the names are thrown into the air, and the first that touches the ground is the one which the child receives.

When three years old the child is again named, accompanied by elaborate religious rites. At the age of fifteen his education is supposed to be finished, and as he then enters manhood (according to Japanese law) he is again named.

When he takes to business he receives his "business" name, by which he is known in the commercial world, and upon every upward step in life he receives a new name. If his master happens to have the same name he must at once change it, as it detracts from his superior's dignity. At his marriage his name is altered again, and his last and only permanent one is that given him after death, which is written on his tomb.—London Answers.

The Furtive Look.

Here is something worth while for bachelors to consider.

A Boston woman says she can detect a bachelor as far as she can see him. She always knows a bachelor by his furtive look. The furtive look, she explains, is something akin to that of a hunted animal, always on the watch for snares and pitfalls. Of course this may apply only to Boston bachelors, but it would be well for all other single unfortunates to take a good look at themselves in the mirror and find that furtive look. If they do there is an easy way to efface it.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Why a Horse Rolls.

Horses are fond of rolling on the ground, and no animal more thoroughly shakes itself than they do. After a roll they give themselves a shake or two to remove anything adhering to the coat. The habit is of much service to horses living in open plains. On being turned loose at the end of a journey an Arab horse rolls in the sand, which acts as blotting paper, absorbing exudations from the body. A shake removes the sand; and the coat soon dries. Cavalrymen in hot climates sometimes put sand on their horses as the simplest and quickest way of drying them.

No Longer a Child.

"Is mamma's sweet little boy ready to have his bath now?" "Oh, may, put the soft pedal on that stuff, will you? When a fellow's six years old it's time to take him out of the kindergarten class. I'll take my splash when I've had my smoke."—Pittsburgh Times.

Necessary Things.

One of our rear admirals is quoted as saying, "The battleship can go to any part of the world if coal is provided."

"This does away with the old supposition that water was also necessary," interposed a bystander.

Silence Is Safety.

After forty years of married life I've made up my mind it don't matter how often a man an' his wife disagrees as long as he don't let her know it.—Harper's Bazar.

Golf Versus Motoring.

The difference between learning golf and motoring is that in golf at first you hit nothing, but in motoring everything.—Exchange.

Millinery Opening.

Ladies of Grayling and vicinity: Having recently purchased the Mrs. J. E. Crowley Millinery store, we wish to hereby announce that we will have the store formally opened Wednesday, Sept. 12, when we will show some of the latest creations in seasonable millinery.

It is our intention to give the people of this community a first class millinery service, and in doing so respectfully request your patronage.

Nina A. Griffith.

SCHOOL OPENED TUESDAY.

About 580 Enrolled. Grade Rooms Congested.

School opened Tuesday with a full corps of teachers present, with exception of physical training teacher. This place is made vacant by the resignation of L. C. Bundgaard.

Supt. Otterbein has been busy getting acquainted with his new duties and familiarizing himself with the conditions of the local schools.

One fact stands out plainly, to those who have given the matter any attention, and that is that our school building must be enlarged. At present every available room is occupied for school purposes and nearly every grade is over-run. The following is the enrollment of the several grades in the main building.

1st grade.....	79
2nd grade.....	40
3rd grade.....	40
4th grade.....	66
5th grade (two teachers).....	55
6th grade (two teachers).....	69
High school.....	120
1st and 2nd grades South side.....	60
3rd and 4th grades South side.....	50
Total.....	579

Thirty pupils are quite generally conceded to be the maximum that any teacher may have and do good work. One member of our school board in speaking of the situation pointed to the school system of Germany, which is considered the best in the world, wherein a teacher is required for every 20 pupils.

In our schools we are investing our money in the manufacture of men and women. School taxes are high but of all the expense that must be kept up by our tax payers we know positively that there is the least objection to the school tax. And further we doubt if any money paid in taxes is more wisely spent than that used for school purposes. No person likes to pay taxes but let us not be "penny wise and pound foolish" in the support of our schools. We need at least an extra teacher for the first and also the 4th grades.

The staff of teachers in Grayling schools this year are as follows:

HIGH SCHOOL.	
Principal.....	Miss Minnie Wells
Asst. Prin.....	Miss Beattie McLain
Mathematics.....	Miss Nellie Lora
Language.....	Miss Nellie McGregor
History.....	Miss Sara Gladys Wei
Science.....	Miss Irene Martin
Commercial.....	C. R. Crane
Music.....	Miss Yvonne
6th grade.....	Miss Marguerite Lockwood
5th grade.....	Miss Ina McNeal
4th grade.....	Miss Olive Lytle
3rd grade.....	Miss Ethel Ryker
2nd grade.....	Miss Vera Shier
1st grade.....	Miss Ciella Clark
SOUTH SIDE.	
1st and 2nd grades.....	Miss Hazel Clark
3rd and 4th grades.....	Miss Amanda Force

WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No advance taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

ROOM WANTED—By young lady. Steady roomer. Inquire of Avalanché office.

FOR SALE—A good, five-passenger auto, cheap. New tires and one extra new tire. Car in good, running order. Would exchange for cattle. H. A. Pond, Grayling.

TWO COAL STOVES—For sale at a bargain. One an old model, the other a Garland base burner burned three seasons. Here is a chance to get just what you want for the coming winter. Inquire at the Avalanché office.

FOUND PUP—Came to our house. Black and white. Female, about 4 or 5 months old. Owner please call for same. Mrs. W. A. McNeal.

LOST—Egin 17 Jewel watch, case No. 6570971; works No. 11675514. Reward will be paid if returned to Robert Marshall.

LOST—Hub cap from Dodge car, between Grayling and Sigbee. Reward to finder. Leave at Avalanché office. John Stephan. 9-6-14

LOST—Black leather, loose leaf memorandum book at Grayling, Sunday, Sept. 3d. Name in gold letter stencil on front cover. Owner would appreciate return of book as it is very valuable to him only. Liberal reward if returned to O. W. Birberick, at 442 Bewick Ave., Detroit, Mich., or notify Sgt. John Birberick, Signal Corps, Ypsilanti Div., Grayling, Mich.

FOUND—A section to auto side-curtain. Call for same at Avalanché office. 8-30-14

FOR SALE—80 acres in Beaver Creek township, 6 miles south of Grayling and 4 miles north of Higgins lake. On it is a small 5 room house, wood shed, log barn, frame barn, hay shed, small orchard, and good well. Will sell on easy terms or will trade for Village property. Inquire of Dr. Palmer. 8-30-14

FOR SALE—House and lot on McClellan St. Nine rooms, sewer, sidewalk and furnace. A bargain at \$1,000 cash. Address J. Overton, R. F. D. No. 1, Flint, Mich. 14

OLD PAPERS for sale at the Avalanché office.

FOR SALE—One black mare, weight 950 lbs., one single horse wagon, new last year, one pair sleighs, one pair cutter runners, one buggy, and sulky, two sets single harness. Will be sold cheap by J. C. Foreman. 7-8-14

NICE CLEAN cotton wiping rags wanted at the Avalanché office. Will pay 5 cents per pound.

Fall and Winter Suits

Now is the time to order your Fall and Winter Suits, for you will want to be prepared to look well when among your friends and attending the season's social affairs.

We Take Your Measure and Make Your Clothes to Fit.

High-class tailoring is what we put into our suits and we guarantee that they will fit you perfectly and look well until worn out.

We Will Save You Money

on your clothes and at the same time give you high-quality garments of which you may always be proud.

**Suits for Dress-up Occasions
Suits for Business Wear****SALLING, HANSON CO.**

The Pioneer Store

Great Faith in Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy was used by my father about a year ago when he had diarrhoea. It relieved him immediately and by taking three doses he was absolutely cured. He has great faith in this remedy," writes Mrs. W. H. Williams, Stanley, N. Y.

FOR QUICK RESULTS USE OUR WANT COLUMN—The Cost Is Small.

Maxitires Service. Titanic Unbreakable Springs for all makes of cars; tires and tubes, in connection with sale of Maxitires. Henry Joseph.

Has a High Opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have a high opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets for biliousness and as a laxative," writes Mrs. C. A. Barnes, Charleston, Ill. "I have never found anything so mild and pleasant to use. My brother has also used these tablets with satisfactory results."

Experience the Best Teacher.

It is generally admitted that experience is the best teacher, but should we not make use of the experience of others as well as our own? The experience of a thousand persons is more to be depended upon than that of one individual. Many thousands of persons have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs and colds with the best results, which shows it to be a thoroughly reliable preparation for those diseases. Try it. It is a prompt and effectual and pleasant to take.

FALL SEED GRAIN

M. A. C. Rosen Rye
M. A. C. Red Rock
Wheat
M. A. C. Shepherd Perfection Wheat

Turkey Red Wheat
Winter Queen White
Wheat
Clover and Grass Seeds
Ask for prices and samples

I WANT TO BUY Clover Seed, Vetch Seed, Field Peas, Etc.

EDW. E. EVANS, West Branch, Mich. 8-23-14

MAXOTIRES

Maxotires are different from anything ever used before for an inner shoe to auto tires. When inserted they cement themselves to the tire thus there is no friction, and consequently there is no heating, and no chance for the Maxotire to wrinkle up and injure the inner tube.

They are wonders in cutting tire cost. They save vulcanizers' cost. They make motoring a pleasure and are guaranteed against blow-outs for one year. They have many other strong features that we cannot tell about in this small advertisement. Ask the man who is using them—there many in Grayling.

HENRY JOSEPH, Distributor

Northern Office: Grayling, Mich.

Insurance

It is more
profitable
to insure
BEFORE
the fire
than
AFTER

INSURE

Will not PREVENT the fire but it will give you a mighty thankful feeling after the flames have cleaned you out.

We represent some of the most substantial and prompt paying companies in the world, companies that do a tremendous business all over this country.

Only a trifling amount annually will protect you against the loss by fire of a life time of savings. Is it wise to delay even one single day?

O. Palmer FIRE INSURANCE and SURETY BONDS

We Help the Doctor

You call your doctor because you NEED his services.

He calls on us because HE needs OUR services.

We help him to help you by accurately compounding his prescriptions from pure, full strength drugs.

And—WE NEVER SUBSTITUTE.

If you would get the FULL benefit of your doctor's knowledge and skill, bring his prescriptions to THIS store.

A. M. LEWIS

Your Druggist Phone 18

Delicious Fountain Drinks and Sundaes

Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, SEPT. 6

"We must exert all our power and employ all our resources to bring the Government of the German Empire to terms and end the war."

Woodrow Wilson,
President of the United States.

Miss Marian Salling has as her guest Miss Grace Rink of Detroit.

See Geo. L. Alexander & Son before purchasing automobile insurance.

Slight frost Monday night but did not do much damage in Crawford county.

Dr. and Mrs. C. F. Underhill of Lovells were Grayling callers last Thursday.

Wm. McDaniel of Bay City came home last week to visit his mother, who resides on the South side.

Misses Irene Lather and Charlotte Bales of Traverse City, were guests of Miss Lillian Bates over last Sunday.

Baby son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur L. Coutts Thursday of last week, but passed away the same day.

Melvin Bushaw of Flint returned home the latter part of the week after visiting relatives and friends here for a week.

Mrs. David Montour and daughters returned home last Saturday after a visit with Mrs. Montour's parents, at Standish.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gillette enjoyed a visit from Mrs. Ed. Grundy and Mrs. Babcock, both of Bay City, from Friday to Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Wetz and son, and the former's father, all returned last week to their home in Dayton, Ohio, after a pleasant outing at Portage lake.

Miss Helen Reagan is spending a ten days' vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Reagan and other relatives. She expects to return to Detroit Saturday.

The Ypsilanti Signal Corps, stationed at Camp Ferris, gave a pleasant dancing party at the Temple theatre Monday evening. Many of the young folks were in attendance.

Chris Johnson and family of Onaway, were here over Sunday to visit the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Johnson, and to help to celebrate his father's 72nd birthday. They spent the day visiting the Military camp.

Mr. and Mrs. Denny Kiley and family of Standish, and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Jacque and two daughters of Whittemore were guests of the Alex Lagrow family last Sunday. They drove here in their autos. Mrs. Kiley and Mr. Jacque are sister and brother of Mrs. Lagrow.

Village taxes are now due and payable at the Bank of Grayling.

Miss Matilda Cook has been spending the past week with relatives in Detroit.

Miss Mabel Nelson has accepted a position as bookkeeper at a paper mill in Capac, Mich.

Mrs. Lee LaRue of Detroit is spending a couple of weeks here visiting relatives and friends.

Miss Edna McCullough returned home Sunday morning from her vacation in Chicago and other cities.

Miss Mae Underwood returned home yesterday after a several days' visit with her aunt, Mrs. John Isehnauer.

Miss Marie Foreman left last Saturday for Roscommon to spend several days the guest of Miss Helen Richardson.

Mrs. Oliver Cody, Miss Beulah Miller and Edward King attended the Labor day celebration at Johannesburg Monday.

Miss Mabel Dawson of Detroit was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Hattie Collen and brother, Earl Dawson over last Sunday.

Mrs. L. H. Johnston and children of Bay City are guests of her mother, Mrs. Chas. Robinson and sister, Mrs. Robert Reagan.

Mrs. William Heric left Tuesday night to visit relatives and friends in Bay City and Flint. She expects to remain away for a month.

John H. Cook and family spent the month of August resorting at the Danish landing, Portage lake. While out there they occupied the John Olson cottage.

Ransom Burgess who has been visiting friends in Gladwin came back Tuesday to bid good-by to his friends before leaving for the military camp at Battle Creek.

John Roenspies and family of Beaver Creek, enjoyed a two week's visit from the former's sister Mrs. Mary Weiler of Michigan City, Ind. The lady returned home today.

On account of the absence of the record keeper, Mrs. Altha Heric, all dues and assessments of the Woman's Benefit association of the Macabees must be paid to Mrs. Andrew Balhoff.

The Misses Anna, Blanche and Della Angers, and the Messrs Val and Edward Klump drove up from Pinconning last Sunday and were guests of Miss Anna Nelson until Monday afternoon.

Miss Olive Percy of St. Johns, arrived in the city Thursday last to visit her brother, Manley Percy of the Ambulance company. She returned home Tuesday. While here she was a guest also of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Fehr and family.

Henry Joseph is spending some time in Detroit, where he has charge of an exhibit of Maxotires at the Michigan State fair. Henry is a hustler and never misses a chance in promoting his business. He has now exclusive agency for 22 states and Alaska for these tires.

Get your tires and tubes at Burke's garage.

Miss Helen Mitchell of Gaylord spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs. S. S. Phelps and daughters returned Monday to their home in Detroit.

Mrs. Wm. Buchanan and son, Arthur of Luzerne visited friends at the Military Camp yesterday.

Nelson and Robert Hartwick of Detroit are guests at the home of their grandfather, Nels Michelson.

Wilfred Rioux of Standish is visiting his aunts, Mrs. David Montour and Mrs. F. Tetu and families.

Wm. Lenartz of Sigbee and David Kuehn, who resides down the river, both are driving new Ford autos.

Mrs. William Fischer Sr., and daughter, Miss Lillie left Friday for Detroit to visit, and also on business.

Joseph Cassidy returned Monday from a ten days' vacation, taking in the sights in Detroit, Flint and Midland.

Mrs. W. F. Rietz and Miss Alma Hummel, who spent two weeks with Lieut. and Mrs. Spies left for Lansing Monday.

Mrs. J. Dingman and two children of Mackinaw Island were in Grayling calling on friends the latter part of the week.

Mrs. Jane Martin and daughter, Irene of Cadillac were guests of Mrs. Wm. McNeven and Miss Erdine McNeven Monday.

Masters Melvin and Orval Lamont of Bay City are visiting their cousins, the Gierke children, and also at the Al. Cramer home.

Benton Jorgenson, returned in time for school Monday, after making an enjoyable auto trip to Bay City and Detroit in his Ford.

Mrs. Charles Sullivan and daughter, Marcella returned last Friday from Onoway after a ten days' visit with Mrs. Sullivan's parents.

The Gladwin County fair will be held at Gladwin next week, Sept. 11 to 14, with many special attractions, liberal premiums and \$1,000 in purses for races.

Mr. and Mrs. Al. Gross and Miss Brown of Lansing toured to Grayling calling on old friends in the Artillery and spending the night with Lieut. and Mrs. Spies.

Adelbert L. Pond of Bay City came Saturday to be in attendance at the big Masonic meeting that evening. He remained over Sunday visiting his son, Harry and family.

Mrs. F. G. Stogall and daughter Helen, of Bay City, and Mrs. Snow of Saginaw, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gillette returned to their respective homes on Tuesday of this week.

Miss Margaret Joseph left for Milwaukee last week, on account of the illness of her mother there. Miss Margaret, who attends the Normal school in that city will remain there, her school commencing on the 18th.

Mrs. Elmer Gamble and children of Jackson, and Mrs. Vernon Cantley of Flint were called here the latter part of the week by the precarious condition of their father, Thomas Reagan, who has been ailing for some time.

Major McCormick, Captains Fuller and Spencer, and Lieut. Sweeney of the Artillery; Captains Weber and Kirkhoff, Lieutenants Bolton and Doctor Pickhard of the Cavalry, spent an enjoyable evening with Lieutenant and Mrs. Spies at their cottage at Portage lake Thursday of last week.

E. B. Thayer of Columbus, Montana, a former Grayling boy and a graduate of Grayling school in 1890, was a pleasant caller in Grayling Thursday and Friday of last week. He says that he enjoyed renewing old acquaintances and is glad to see many improvements in the old home town. Mr. Thayer is in the real estate business in Montana and says that state is fast becoming one of the leading states in agriculture, ranching and mining.

Mrs. Henry Eggleston for many years in the early days of this county, resident of Pere Cheny, but now of the city of Jackson, with her daughter-in-law, and a couple of her friends, came up the first of the week to visit a number of their soldier friends in the encampment at the lake, where they passed the days, but were welcome guests at the Palmer House, for the evenings, nights and mornings.

Gerald Powell and bride arrived here last Monday morning from Detroit, and at once went to the summer home of Mr. Powell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Powell, at Portage lake to spend their honeymoon, as they were married the day previous, Sept. 2 in Detroit. Mrs. Powell was Miss Hazel Foster of Detroit. The young couple are busy receiving the congratulations and best wishes of Gerald's friends, who are many. He with his parents have made their home here during the summer at their cottage at the lake, for several years.

Miss Rosanna Sachs, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Eckenfels and Mr. Earl A. Case, son of Capt. and Mrs. Willard Case of Portage lake, were quietly united in marriage by Rev. Fr. J. J. Riess last evening at St. Mary's parsonage. The young couple left on the midnight train on a honeymoon trip to Detroit, and expect to return to Grayling the latter part of the week and will make their home here for the present. Mrs. Case has made Grayling her home for the past several years, having graduated from the Grayling High school with the Class of 1913. Mr. Case came here about four years ago. Both are well known and have many friends who wish them every happiness in their wedded life.

Maxotires save expense and troubles. Henry Joseph, distributor.

The boarding house of Ambrose McClain is having a few new coats of paint.

Emil Hanson and family of Detroit are here for a vacation with relatives and friends.

Clarence Brown returned Monday from a week's vacation, spent in Saginaw and Detroit.

Miss Mae Gauthier of Standish has been a pleasant guest of Miss Ingrid C. Jorgensen since Saturday.

Miss Gladys Everett came back from Detroit Saturday in time to continue her High School duties.

The Ladies Aid society of the M. M. church will meet at the parsonage Friday afternoon, September 7th.

E. R. Clark, wife and daughter are spending a two weeks' vacation in Detroit, Toledo and other Ohio cities.

Mrs. John Oliver of Bay City was a guest of Mrs. Prudence Marshall at the home of John A. Holliday last week.

Robert Lamont of Bay City came Saturday for a visit with relatives. He with his family, returned home Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Gothro and family are entertaining Mrs. Charles Gothro and son of Boyne City, who came last Friday.

Earl Wright returned yesterday to his home in Bay City after a week's visit with his cousins, Misses Violet and Ruth Woodruff.

Miss Jennie Karpus returned home last Saturday from Flint, where she had been visiting her sister, Miss Isabella Karpus for several weeks.

Clyde Hum, who was a guest of his father, Postmaster Hum, for several days, with his party of friends returned to Detroit, Wednesday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCullough were pleasantly surprised Sunday, when a party of sixteen, relatives of Mrs. McCullough, arrived to spend the day with her.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Borland stopped off here Tuesday evening to visit with Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gillette, while enroute from Mackinaw to their home in Saginaw.

Miss Vita Fischer returned the latter part of the week from Madison, Wis., where she had spent the summer visiting her sister, Mrs. A. R. Engler and family.

Charles Carlson, a former engineer at the DuPont factory, was calling on old friends here Tuesday and Wednesday. He is now in similar work at the Smalley-General company plant at Bay City.

Jacob G. Brown of Detroit, was accidentally drowned in the AuSable river Wednesday last week, about three miles north of Oscoda. In company with his brother-in-law Walter M. Fuchs, he was making a canoe trip from Grayling to AuSable.

Mrs. Sarah Michelson and little son, Frederick arrived from Bay City Tuesday afternoon. As it was Frederick's second birthday, Grandpa Michelson planned a family party to celebrate the occasion, which will be a pleasant remembrance for both young and old.

Special trains will be run between the Military camp and Grayling next Sunday, on the Michigan Central railroad. Five trips will be made each way. Trains leave Grayling as follows: 8:00 and 10:00 a. m., 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 and 9:45 p. m. Returning they will leave the reservation at 8:40, and 10:40 a. m., 1:40, 3:40, 6:00 and 10:15 p. m.

Last Saturday evening, about 6:00 o'clock, C company of the Thirty-third Infantry, left their coaches and were drilled up and down Michigan avenue for a little exercise. They have been at Ft. Wayne, Detroit since leaving the Border last spring, and were on their way to Ashland, Wis., to do some guard duty. Onlookers said the drilling was fine.

George Comer, a former well known business man and resident of Grayling was in the city last Sunday visiting his son, Clayton, who is with the Cavalry troops at Camp Ferris. Mr. Comer was a guest at the home of Robert Reagan. He will be well remembered as during his residence here he was proprietor of a meat market in the building now occupied by A. C. Olson as a drug store.

Johannesburg had a Labor day celebration last Monday and the Citizen's band were hired to play for the day. A crowd of people from the surrounding towns and counties were there and enjoyed a fine picnic, and a pleasant day, at the hands of the Johannesburg people. In the evening a dancing party was given, Bandmaster Ed. Clark, Frank Sales with Mrs. Earl Kidd as accompanist furnishing the music.

Friends of Mose LaSprance of Detroit, and Miss Alvretta Irving of Crosswell, will be pleased to learn that they were united in marriage last week. Mr. LaSprance for many years lived in Grayling and at present is holding a responsible position with the Ford Motor company. Mrs. LaSprance was teacher of the fourth grade in Grayling for several years, and was also county commissioner of schools.

Mrs. L. J. Krans opened her home to a large company of ladies Thursday afternoon of last week. It being a beautiful day the ladies were assembled at tables indoors and outside on the porch, places having been prettily decorated for the occasion. "500" and "Hearts" were enjoyed. Mrs. Alfred Olson received the first and Mrs. Fred Welsh second prize for "500." Mrs. Robin and Mrs. Clark for highest score of "Hearts." At 5:30 a dainty lunch was served.

Come To Our Store

for

Black Cat Reinforced Hosiery

THIS is the biggest hosiery value we can offer our customers for their youngsters.

Come in and inspect for yourself the extraordinary wear features that make us want to tie up the reputation of our store with this world famous family brand.

Inspect the Black Cat numbers for Boys and Girls

Examine the different weights for School wear and Sunday wear. Ask our clerks to show you the triple, "play-proof" knee. Then take a look at the reinforced heel and toe—the "darn-savers."

We have Black Cat Reinforced Hosiery here for both boys and girls—handsome in appearance and dyed with permanent dyes that can't injure the kiddies' feet.

After you've once bought Black Cat for your youngsters, remember that we have this peerless hosiery for all the family. You'll appreciate our point that this is the store of BIG values.

SCHOOL DAYS WILL SOON BE HERE

Are your boys and girls prepared with wearables?

We want you to visit our store and inspect the large stocks of children's wearing apparel we are showing. Our stock of SHOES for boys and girls is complete in every detail, and we can save you money on them.

Grayling Mercantile Co.

"The Quality Store"

"In again—Out again." Opera house tonight, Thursday.

Douglas Fairbanks in "In again—Out again," at the Opera house tonight. Don't miss seeing it.

See that your child has an equal chance with others, by eliminating EYE-STRAIN, thru the use of Hathaway's glasses.

Peerless laundry—Work called for Wednesday mornings, and delivered Saturdays. Also dry cleaning. Burton and Bugby, agents, Grayling.

The Misses Bernadette Cassidy and Agnes Havens, and the latter's guest, Miss Ruth Gauss of Minnesota, spent last Sunday at Mackinac Island, and also visited friends at Cheboygan.

The Forester Ladies of this city will give a Chicken pie supper at the G. A. R. hall next Saturday, September 8. Besides Chicken pie, pumpkin pie will be included in the bill of fare, besides all the other good things. The price is fifty cents, and the ladies will start serving at 4:00 o'clock and serve the remainder of the evening, or until they run out of eatables. Everyone is welcome and don't forget the date, Saturday, Sept. 8.

Many little informal gatherings have been given in honor of Mrs. Bay of Montana, during her visit here this summer. Mrs. Waldemar Jensen entertained a few ladies last Thursday afternoon, Mrs. Olaf Sorenson was hostess to several ladies Tuesday afternoon of this week, Mrs. James Olson gave a luncheon yesterday and Mrs. Anna Peterson has invited a number of ladies to spend this afternoon at her home in Mrs. Bay's honor. Mrs. Bay expects to return to her home in the West soon.

Remember for September only

Everbearing Strawberry Plants FOR SALE

Not less than five dozen plants to one party and up to 5,000 plants.

50c Per Dozen

This offer is good only for the month of Sept. after which we will positively not sell plants. This is your last chance

Ernest F. Cowell

Phone 741, Grayling

HAVE ADDED A STOCK OF

SHOES

—and am going to save shoe-wearers some good, hard-earned money. This line was purchased directly from the makers, not thru jobbers, and thus we can save you one man's profit.

FOR DRESS and WORK WEAR

We will save you money and also guarantee the quality.

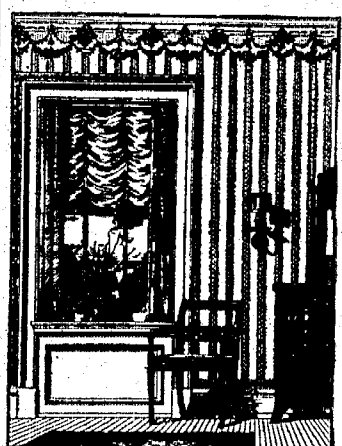
Rapid Shoe Repair Shop

E. J. OLSON, Prop'r.
Next Door to Central Drug Store

Notice.

Going on strictly cash basis Sept. 1. On and after Sept. 1, all goods and work must be paid for before it leaves the shop.
Schram & Nelson, Blacksmithing and Machine repairing.

The Newest Designs and Best Workmanship at Most Moderate Prices



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This is a HARDWARE store, and we sell HARDWARE exclusively. But we handle EVERYTHING in hardware, from a tack up.

BUILDERS

will find it to their advantage to consult us before placing their orders for builders' hardware.

Workmen and mechanics in all trades will find all necessary tools in our stock. If it's hardware, we sell it.

SALLING, HANSON CO.

Hardware Department

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHLAND.

ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

NORWAY.

Investigation of the conspiracy to sink with German bombs several Norwegian ships has been completed and action taken against seven Finlanders and two Germans. They are accused of having transported many explosives from Germany to Norway and were said to be paid by German espionage headquarters at Stockholm. The leader of those arrested called himself Baron von Rauteberg. According to the Tidens Tegn 1,000 kilograms of explosives were seized, including several internal machines. These were inclosed in cases resembling lumps of coal and were to have been put in the coal bunkers of Norwegian ships.

Norway took her place as a spectator of the war, honeycombed with German cultural ideas and enmeshed in German relations on every hand. The university, the schools, the church, and to a large extent her commerce, were sources and centers of German influence. To cap it all, trade with Germany was hugely profitable. And yet the sympathies of the Norwegian people have been pro-ally from the time the first shot was fired by a German gun. The political instincts and ideals of the people were stronger than the cultural ties by which the leading circles were bound to Germany. As the character of the world contest gradually became clearer the current of national opinion absorbed the German eddies and set with swelling volume toward the powers fighting for democracy. In spite of all subtle forces the faces of the Norwegian people are set firmly against Germany in this war. For they can see that victory for the central powers would mean the end of an independent and free Norway. They feel, almost with passion, that the allied powers, and especially the United States, are fighting for what is the life breath of Norway.—N. Grevstad in the New York Tribune.

The loss the Kristianfjord has been explained as follows: The Kristianfjord sailed through a dense fog all the way from Halifax to Portugal Cove, N. F., where the ship struck. Captain Hjortland had slept very little, and this may have affected his judgment. It is said that he did not make a sufficiently careful calculation of the current. The ship was making only half speed, and the sea was sounded continually. But the fog was so dense that the breakwaters ahead could not be seen until it was too late. The rudder was turned violently and the engines stopped, so that the prow did not strike the rocks, but the broadside of the ship drifted against them about 200 yards from the main land. In the course of the next few days two other ships were grounded at the same place, and a third one came very near running into the wreck of the Kristianfjord, which proves that Portugal Cove is a very dangerous place.

Twelve members of the crew of the Norwegian steamer Benguela, captured June 15 by a German submarine and used for 10 days as a "decoy vessel," reached an Atlantic port on a Spanish vessel. According to the sailors, they were held prisoner on board their own ship since the capture. The vessel was in charge of Germans cruising about in waters usually frequented by merchant ships. The U-boat party was submerged and hovered about to attack anything that might be tempted to come near the Norwegian. The effort was fruitless, however, the men said, as during the entire 10 days nothing was sighted. At the end of that time the Benguela was looted of its stores, the crew set adrift in their boats and the vessel destroyed by bombs. The men were picked up and landed at a Spanish port. The submarine carried crew of 70 men and one of the officers told the Norwegians that they had been out for five months from their base.

The city of Stavanger is going to rent 12,000 horsepower of electric energy for a period of ten years from the Florli company. One of the interesting features of the plan is, that the cable is to span the Høgsfjord, a distance of 5,000 feet. It is said that this will be the longest span of its kind in the world.

The Norwegian steamer Christian Bors, of 4,070 tons, was damaged to the extent of \$1,000,000 by fire August 20 while lying at her dock in South Brooklyn. The steamer arrived recently from Buenos Aires and had about completed the discharge of a cargo of hides. Several Brooklyn fire companies and three fireboats fought the blaze and had it under control two hours after it was discovered. The fire is believed due to spontaneous combustion. The Christian Bors was owned in Bergen and was under charter to the Prince line.

The life-saving service of Norway used 25 boats in 1916. Strictly speaking, eight slips and boats carrying 40 men were saved. This represented only a part of the work, for the boats assisted 929 other craft which were in peril.

The storthing has increased the salary of the Norwegian minister in Washington from \$10,800 to \$16,200. The government, in asking for the raise, spoke very highly of the service of the present incumbent, Mr. Byri.

FINLAND.

A dispatch from Helsingfors declares that the landtag, ignoring the government's dissolution manifesto, will resume its sessions. Nevertheless, the socialist majority is preparing for contingency that Petrograd may enforce the dissolution and the holding of elections. In an exchange of shots between Russian troops and unknown persons at Helsingfors several Finns were killed and others wounded. The disturbance began when the soldiers were fired upon from a crowd.

Disorders occasioned by the scarcity of food have led to a cabinet crisis. The senators have requested the governor general to transmit their resignations to the provisional government. The governor general has asked M. Kokol, vice president of the department of economics and former president of the landtag, to form a cabinet. He has accepted. A general strike has been declared.

Starvation again threatens northern Finland. Of the 250,000,000 kilos of flour which Finland requested from Russia to carry over the country from July to October, only 65,000,000 kilos were supplied.

In addition to its other troubles, Finland is now being ravished by great forest fires. The fires extend along the west coast, south of Vasa, and are visible from the Swedish shore.

DENMARK.

Ex-King Constantine of Greece wished to buy the Sobott estate in the island of Lolland, but a Copenhagen broker offered \$27,000 more for the property and got it.

The Danish ship owners and seamen have resolved to demand indemnities from Germany for the torpedoing of Danish vessels and the lives lost with them.

The entire village of Elmelund, Fren, has been destroyed by fire. Three persons were burned to death.

The fishermen on the west coast of Denmark have ceased their operations on account of an extension of the U-boat zone.

SWEDEN.

Refusal of the United States to grant passports to the delegates of the international socialist conference at Stockholm for the discussion of peace terms has amazed and halted the leaders of that movement. A Hjalmer Branting, leader of the Scandinavian socialist committee arranging the convention, denounces American attitude. "This is a declaration of war against all preliminary peace work," he says. "But the military forces alone cannot end the war. It must be ended by work within the belligerent nations, and the socialist is the natural bearer of this work. Despite refusal of passports, the peace work will continue without working for any special group of belligerents. The leaders have been accused of being first German, then entente agents, but internationalism follows its ideals, the ideals of humanity. The refusal of passports will lead to a rupture between the governments concerned and the socialist parties which have been determined to be represented in the conference. The decision may lead to far-reaching consequences. It is more than doubtful whether this passport refusal will not turn out to be a grave political mistake. As to how it will affect the Stockholm conference, the only certainty is that the conference will not be abandoned."

Dr. Jakob Billstrom, who has inspected the establishments of the captives of war that are interned in Switzerland, found that drunkenness prevailed to an alarming degree among them, and he has urged the temperance people of Sweden to have translations of Swedish temperance publications distributed among the 30,000 German and French soldiers interned in Switzerland.

The average heat for the month of June was a record-breaker for the period covering the past 160 years, the weather bureau of Stockholm having been in operation since the year 1736. The average daily temperature was 64.6 degrees F., while the next highest, that of June, 1896, was a trifle over 64 degrees.

The government has appointed three very prominent men to dispose of the cases of young men who object to the carrying of arms on religious grounds.

By a vote of 110 to 59 the second chamber of the riksdag passed the bill empowering the government to draft men for service as woodcutters. On account of the scarcity of coal, the government has decided to cut thousands of loads of wood to be used in place of coal during the coming winter.

A fine lingon crop is in prospect. This means a good deal to the poor people of many rural districts of Sweden. The lingon is by far the most valuable wild berry in the country, and a good crop is worth hundreds of thousands of dollars. In former years a large part of the crop was exported to Germany and other foreign countries.

About 70 cafes in Gothenburg have stopped the serving of coffee on account of the prohibitive cost of that article.

The price paid for pine and spruce cones this summer is about 30 cents per 100 pounds, and a ten-year-old boy or girl can make over a dollar a day picking them. The seeds are saved for the market, and the cones themselves are used for fuel.

The Swedish government has commenced to tax foreigners who stay for some length of time at the Salsjö baths, near Stockholm. The value of the taxable incomes and property of the people thus taxed is put at about \$1,500,000.

Uncle Sam's General Store



KAISER'S AID HOLD MEET IN CHICAGO

AS RESULT OF CONFERENCE MAYOR FACES CRIMINAL PROSECUTION.

POLICE PROTECT PACIFISTS

Mayor Countermands Governor's Order to Prevent Meeting—Troops Sent By Governor Arrive Too Late.

Chicago—State troops and federalized militia were mobilized in Chicago Monday and its mayor faced criminal prosecution or impeachment.

This was a result of the conference of the Peoples' Council of America for Democracy and Terms of Peace—Kaiser's Aid society—held here Sunday afternoon.

The pacifists had been barred from holding meetings in Minnesota, North Dakota, Wisconsin, Utah and Illinois, until Mayor Thompson ordered police protection for them Sunday.

The clash in authority between Mayor William Hale Thompson and Governor Lowden came as the result of the action of the police in breaking up the pacifists' meeting Saturday on orders from the governor. When the mayor, who was at his summer home at Lake Forest, heard of it, he declared that the governor had exceeded his authority and immediately instructed Chief of Police Schuetzler to permit the meeting and to give the delegates every protection.

When the pacifists heard of the mayor's action, immediate preparations were made to hold the Sunday meeting.

When Governor Lowden heard of the mayor's action he immediately ordered four companies of state militia from Springfield to rush to Chicago by special train. The troops arrived several hours after the meeting had adjourned.

CHILD LABOR LAW INVALID

Federal Judge Rules Congress Cannot Regulate Labor Laws of States.

Greensboro, N. C.—Federal Judge B. Boyd, of the western district of North Carolina held the Keating-Owen child labor law unconstitutional, and enjoined the United States district attorney, William C. Hammer, and his "successors, assistants, deputies and agents," from enforcing in the district the provisions of the act of congress which became effective September 1.

The case came before the court on injunction proceedings brought in the name of Roland H. Dagenhart and his minor sons, Reuben and John, of Charlotte, who sought to restrain a Charlotte cotton mill company from discharging the two boys.

Judge Boyd said he was gratified by the candor of Professor Thomas I. Parkinson, of Columbia university, representing the department of justice, who asserted that congress had used its power over interstate commerce for the object of regulation of local conditions within the state and the discouragement of child labor. This admission, said the judge, left the issue clear and brought forward the question:

"Can congress do by indirect action that which it undoubtedly cannot do directly?"

"Congress," he said, "can regulate trade among the states, but not the internal conditions of labor."

The case will be taken to the supreme court of the United States at once.

Beef for Camp Cheap.

Grayling—After plans had been outlined for the construction of an abattoir near the mobilization camp, Captain Charles D. Kelley, camp quartermaster, has decided to abandon the idea. The principal factor in changing his mind was the closing of a contract for beef at 13 3/4 cents a pound, considered a remarkably low price when only quarters are purchased. The captain had secured an option on 50 cattle to furnish the soldiers home-killed beef.

Horse's Kick Kills Boy.

Big Rapids—Within a few minutes after he was kicked over the heart by a horse while untangling the lines, the 16-year-old son of L. Woodward, fell dead in the road near here.

Pays for Auto Smash-up.

Belding—Joe Plske, Detroit city fireman, paid Albert Partridge and Albert Radzil \$1,250 as the result of an automobile accident when three automobiles were piled in the road west of Belding.

FIVE BROTHERS MEET IN OLD HOME FOR THE FIRST TIME IN FORTY-FIVE YEARS

Battle Creek, Mich.—Five brothers met here last Friday for the first time in 45 years. They are William S. Doy, of Yorkville; L. J. Doy, of Coldwater; Dr. W. O. Doy, of Boston; A. E. Doy and G. E. Doy, from Chicago. The youngest is 80 years old and the eldest 72. They are the sons of Dr. Doy, a pioneer physician of Battle Creek, and all lived here as boys. W. S. Doy was a resident of this city until recently when he removed to Yorkville.

PRESIDENT FLAYS PACIFISTS

Denounces Activity of Organizations Working Against Government.

Washington—In a letter to Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, President Wilson states in unmistakable terms, the reasons why the United States is at war.

He denounces those who seek to ignore American's grievance against Germany.

Hearty approval of the conference of the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy held in Minneapolis Tuesday the task it has undertaken to suppress disloyalty, was given in the president's letter.

Activity of pacifist organizations has wrung from the president the following scathing words:

"It has not been a matter of surprise to me that the leaders in certain groups have sought to ignore our grievances against the men who have equally misled the German people. Their insistence that a nation whose rights have been grossly violated, whose citizens have been foully murdered under their own flag, whose neighbors have been invited to join in making conquest of its territory, whose patience in pressing the claims of justice and humanity has been met with the most shameful policy of treachery and treachery, their insistence that a nation so outraged does not know its own mind, that it has no comprehensible reason for defending itself, or of joining with all its might in maintaining a free future for itself, is a piece with their defiance to the often repeated statement of our national purposes."

BOOMING GUNS OPEN STATE FAIR

Sixty-Eighth Annual Display Starts With Military Salute.

Detroit—At 2 o'clock last Friday afternoon a military salute of 13 guns boomed forth from the State Fair grounds, hands stationed in various parts of the enclosure struck up "America" and men, women and children scattered here and there in groups over the acreage, ceased whatever else they were doing to raise their voices in patriotic chorus.

That was the real opening of Michigan's sixty-eighth annual State Fair.

The fair adequately displays Michigan's manifold products of hand and brain, shop and soil. From 20-ton motor trucks, made in Detroit, to golden squashes, raised in Marquette, exhibits of the best are to be seen. Apples, oil paintings, babies, harvesting machines, cattle, canned fruit, household furniture, needlework, pianos, exhibits of W. C. T. U. work, of welfare work, of housework, farm work and factory work, thousands of things of every conceivable nature, representative of the industries and life of Michigan, are on display.

Mail Bag Containing \$17,000 Stolen.

Hillsdale—Not until local banks were notified from Toledo that several drafts were cashed, did the theft of a mail sack containing \$17,000 in money and checks from a truck at the railway station here, come to light. One of the drafts for \$6,500 contained in the bag was cashed by a man at Toledo, who had been making savings deposits at the bank several days. He withdrew all but a few hundred dollars, disarming suspicion. The Toledo bank will have to stand the loss.

Old Banker Dies.

Ionia—W. H. Mattison, 81 years old, vice-president of the Ionia National bank, former sheriff and retired farmer, died.

Miners Want State Ownership.

Lansing—Word has reached state officials that the meeting called by the Michigan coal miners at Saginaw, September 11, will petition Governor Sleeper to call a special session of the legislature to consider state operation, if not ownership, of coal mines.

RELIGION NO BAR TO ARMY SERVICE

CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTORS, DRAFTED IN NATIONAL ARMY, MUST TRAIN.

DUTY TO BE ASSIGNED LATER

If Their Creed Forbids Killing Fellow Men They Will Be Given Other Work By Government.

Detroit—"Conscientious objectors," drafted in Detroit and Highland Park, are being sent right along to Camp Custer with the national army units in compliance with a decision handed down by the district appeal board, after an opinion had been received from Adjutant-General John S. Bersey in the case of Alfred Benjamin, a Seventh Day Adventist. His plea that the tenets of his creed should exempt him from war service was denied by local board No. 4.

This ruling does not necessarily mean that Benjamin and others like him are to be ordered to the trenches to shoot Germans. It merely signifies that some service, useful to the government in war and not repugnant to their religious beliefs, will be found for all objectors who prove their good faith. Meantime, they will be required to undergo training at army cantonments. Their assignment to service will be determined later by the military authorities.

"If the party furnishes in all respects the proof required, and substantiates his claim, in your opinion, he should be certified for service accordingly," read Bersey's telegram to Chairman James O. Murfin, of the district board, in the Benjamin case.

FOUR GERMAN TRAWLERS LOST

British Destroyer Tendon Ships Engaged in Mine Sweeping.

Copenhagen—A naval engagement occurred Saturday between British and German mosquito craft off Nymünde Gab, west coast of Jutland. British destroyers attacked four German armed trawlers and drove them ashore. All four trawlers seem to have been destroyed.

A Rinkloping newspaper says the British continued to bombard the trawlers after they grounded, completing their destruction.

About 100 German seamen were landed, many severely wounded. Medical assistance was sent from Rinkloping, the nearest large town.

GERMANS TO GET WILSON NOTE

U. S. to Make Certain People Understand Reason of Peace Rejection.

Washington—Unless there is evidence soon that President Wilson's note rejecting the peace proposals of the Pope has been circulated in Germany, steps will be taken to make certain that the document reaches at least a large number of the German people to inform them why the United States cannot discuss a peace involving acceptance of the word of the present rulers at Berlin.

Secretary Lansing said it was assumed that within a reasonable time newspapers of the European neutrals would carry the note to Germany. If this should be prevented, he said, some other way would be found.

It was recalled that the president's war message was dropped behind the German lines by hundreds of Allied airmen.

GREEKS PREPARING TO FIGHT

New Minister to U. S. Says Full Force Will Be in Field in 90 Days.

New York—In a statement issued by George Roussos, the newly appointed Greek minister to the United States, who arrived at an American port Friday on a British passenger vessel, it was predicted Greece will have her entire army in the trenches, fighting with the Allies, within 90 days.

Mr. Roussos, who left immediately for Washington to present his credentials, is the first Greek minister accredited to the United States in four years, his country's affairs having been transacted by the consul.

Wounded in France.

Gladwin—V. L. Cooper, of this village, is among those wounded with the Canadian contingent in France.

Clothing Merchants Meet.

Jackson—One hundred clothing merchants from all parts of the state were here for the two-day session of the Michigan Retail Clothing Dealers' association.

Slashed With Razor.

Flint—Held up by two men on his way home from work on the new course of the Flint Golf club, Glenn Fletcher, 46 years old, of Penn Yan, N. Y., was slashed on the right side of the face and neck with a razor.

Runaway Kills Woman.

Ovid—Mrs. James Sawtell is dead here as a result of injuries received in a runaway several days ago.

Steps in Front of Train.

Bay City—Walter Wilson, 35 years old, teamster for Davidson's shipyard, stopped at the Michigan Central crossing of Main street to allow a freight engine to pass and then stepped ahead only to be caught by a train on the other track. He was instantly killed.

MICHIGAN BREVITIES

Bay City—Several thousand people attended the opening of the local \$300,000 plant of the Wilson Body company.

Kalamazoo—Southern Kalamazoo and Van Buren counties have asked Superintendent Verberg, of the Michigan Employment bureau, to furnish pickers for fruit which will be lost unless help can be obtained.

Flint—Plenty of soft coal to meet the needs of Flint consumers is being mined within the city limits. After five years of preparation, the What Cheer Mining company has completed a concrete shaft and is taking out bituminous coal of good quality in sufficient quantities to fill all its orders and take care of a large retail trade with the surplus.

Rochester—Ernest Roy Johnson, 20 years old, who enlisted in the army at Wisconsin and was detailed to a training camp, was found beside the railroad track at M. C. Junction, one mile south of Rochester, by the train crew of a freight. Johnson was on his way home from the army. He had either fallen off or was trying to get on the train when he was injured.

Battle Creek—Local mothers received word that Battle Creek's ambulance unit at Allentown, Pa., would soon move to France. The local Red Cross chapter telegraphed orders to equip the boys with warm coats as suggested by Lieutenant A. C. McCurdy. There are nearly 100 local boys in the company, Marquette furnishing the remainder, with a few from other Michigan towns.

Detroit—Buried in a sandpile while playing in a large pile, Maurice Wagner, 9 years old, was almost dead when extricated. He died on the way to Receiving hospital. With another boy, Maurice was digging in a pile of sand which had been dumped on the United Fuel company's docks. Suddenly, the pile started to move and young Wagner was caught fast while his companion escaped. The latter's screams brought workmen to the scene, and the little victim was dug out.

Belding—Although the automobiles belonging to Joseph Plske, Bert Ramsdell and Bert Partridge were badly damaged in a smashup here, 12 persons escaped injury.

Port Huron—The war department has offered to equip local schools with telegraph outfits if the subject will be taught at night. The board of education favors the project.

Hillsdale—A gift of \$30,000 from Lewis Emery, Jr., of Bradford, Pa., has been received by Hillsdale college. The gift is in honor of Mrs. Emery, whom her husband met when she was a student here.

Iron Mountain—A telegram was received here by Peter Johnson that his son George had been killed in battle in France. He enlisted in the British artillery in Canada a month after the European war began.

Hastings—With the biggest parade ever held in Barry county, residents of the county will honor the departure on September 19 of the men drafted for the national army. The parade will consist of the home guard companies of Hastings and Nashville, the clergy of the county, the Spanish-American and Civil war veterans, all fraternal and civic organizations and a long line of citizens.

Reed City—A bolt of lightning entered the home of Mrs. John Meister during the night without leaving a trace of its entrance through the roof. The bolt circled a picture on the wall, melted the picture wires and moulding, and then passed out of the home through a window. Only the melted picture frame and a small hole in the ceiling of the room remained to tell of the bolt's prank.

Grand Rapids—Incomplete affidavits, failure to attest affidavits and claims for exemption, and a general mixup in the draft is said to have been uncovered by the Second Michigan district appeal board in sifting cases from Ottawa, Montcalm and Leelanau counties. In all districts where work has been considered it appears that draft officials had hurried to get the matter out of the way regardless of fairness to the drafted men.

Manistee—The Northern Transportation Co., of Baltimore, has announced that its subsidiary organization, the Manistee Shipbuilding Co. will begin active operations in this city October 1. Over \$60,000 worth of new machinery and equipment has been ordered in addition to materials already on the grounds. The company will employ upwards of 100 men at the start, increasing the force as the yards are completed. The plant here will engage in the construction of government vessels and ocean going tugs for war use. Boats will be built up to the maximum size permitted passage through the Welland canal.

Traverse City—Milk producers increased the wholesale price to \$3 a hundred pounds.

Port Huron—A new ferry dock and waiting room will be constructed on Black River by the Port Huron & Sarnia Ferry Co., as soon as plans submitted to the government are approved.

Saginaw—When the Michigan district miners meet in convention here September 11, they will ask for a general 20 per cent increase in wages, according to the district president, John Crutchfield.

Bessemer—A special election for \$115,000 for water works extension, sewers and public improvements carried by a large majority.

Grand Rapids—Mrs. Jacob Ronda, of Chicago, was prevented from kidnapping her 12-year-old daughter by Deputy Sheriff Mattson, who served a writ of habeas corpus on the woman as she with the child were leaving for Chicago. The girl was taken before the United States commissioner, who ordered her into the custody of her grandfather. Mrs. Ronda has been divorced since 1912.

VANGUARD OF BIG NEW ARMY IN CAMP

PATRIOTIC DEMONSTRATIONS MARK DEPARTURE OF FIRST MEN.

30,000 MOBILIZED WEDNESDAY

In Washington, President Wilson, Senators and Representatives March in Line With Drafted Men.

Washington—The vanguard of the big national army is in mobilization camps, to begin training for the big task "somewhere in France."

Parades and patriotic demonstrations marked the departure of the first men, in practically every city in the country. In Washington, President Wilson marched at the head of the capital's drafted men, while diplomats, cabinet members and senators and representatives joined in the parade.

Approximately 30,000 men were mobilized on Wednesday. They represent five per cent of the total of 687,000 drafted men, less five per cent of eastern Pennsylvania, Maryland and the District of Columbia, whose mobilization has been delayed because their camp is unfinished.

On September 19, 274,000 men will be mobilized. The same number in addition will be called out October 3. The remaining 103,000 will be ordered to camp at a date yet to be decided. There are 16 camps for the mobilization, each a wooden city designed to accommodate 40,000 men. Each camp will be a division headquarters in the new National Army. It will have its own commander and its own staff and will be a distinct unit.

All the camps are sufficiently complete to allow the mobilization of five per cent of the draft army, except Camp Meade at Adelphi, Md. It will be ready by September 16, however.

The 16 contentments cost the government approximately \$150,000,000. Each is a complete city in itself, with dormitories, drill halls, recreation places, dining halls, kitchens, sanitary provisions and complete water supplies and disposal sewerage systems.

RIGA TAKEN BY TEUTON ARMIES

Big Russian Port Falls—Slaves in Retreat Lay Country in Waste.

London—Riga, Russia's big port on the Gulf of Riga, is in the hands of the Germans and its garrison and civilian population are in retreat eastward.

Following up rapidly the advantage they gained in driving the Russians across the Dvina river on both sides of Kull, last Saturday, the Germans threw bridges across this stream and soon were on the heels of the former defenders, some of whom offered resistance. Others showed the white feather, giving the invaders no trouble in marching up the eastern bank of the Dvina toward Riga, 15 miles distant. Seeing the disaffection and the inability to stem the tide of the advance, the Russian commander ordered an evacuation.

The Russians in their retreat from Riga are laying the country in waste, burning villages and farms. Whether the city itself remains intact has not yet been made known but doubtless the guns in the fortress and the ammunition stores either were moved or destroyed.

Aside from the strategic value of controlling the Gulf of Riga and of a base nearer the mouth of the Gulf of Finland, at the head of which Petrograd is situated for the moment, it is impossible to see the importance of the German gain, especially with the near approach of winter, when military operations in this northern region are almost impossible. Where the Russians will draw their new line in the north to connect with that below the point of penetration by the Germans also remains to be seen.

WAR PROFITS TAX DEFEATED

Senate Rejects Proposal to Assess 80 Per Cent Tax to Pay War Cost.

Washington—A badly scared host of big business men at all corners of the country, congregated in the capital, has apparently checked the tax raid of the United States senate against wealth.

The result was shown in the defeat of Senator Hiram Johnson's proposal for a gross levy of 80 per cent on war profits by the decisive vote of 62 to 17.

Drowns Swimming Across Lake.

Newaygo—Joseph Longacre, 18 years old, was drowned in the Muskegon river at Park Green flats while swimming across of the river.

Good Draft Showing.

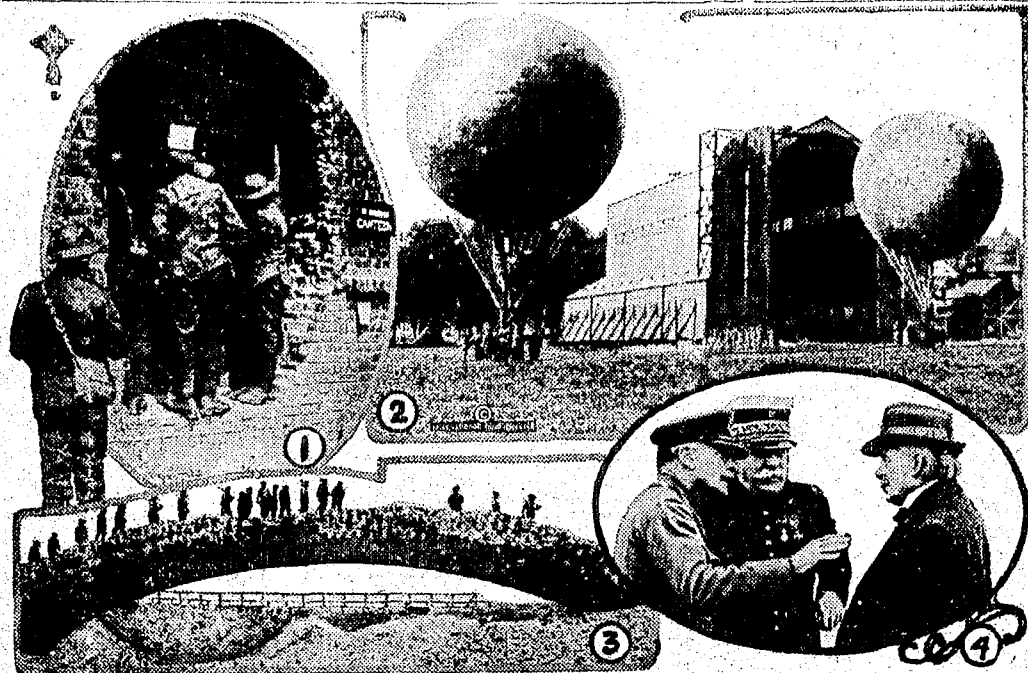
Bad Axe—The full quota of 322 men for the new army was obtained from the first 700 examined.

Lets Hay Rot in Field.

Deckerville—August Kelch, farmer, left two stands of hay to rot because he feared if he harvested it he would be aiding the allies. He promised the sheriff he would put up the hay if released. He is a German by birth and sympathy, although he has lived here 35 years.

Camp Workers Drafted.

Battle Creek—Work of rushing Camp Custer to completion for the early use of the National army, is being menaced by the selective draft. Major E. B. Morden, trying to complete construction of this and other states are calling so many men away from Camp Custer that it has become a hardship. Major Morden has asked temporary exemption for many of the men.



1—Official photograph from the west front showing a shellhole used as a canteen by British soldiers. 2—Free balloons ready for flight at the army balloon school at Fort Omaha, Neb. 3—All that is left of a once beautiful bridge somewhere in northern France. 4—Gen. Sir Douglas Haig telling Premier Lloyd George of progress in driving back the Germans, while Marshal Joffre listens.

NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

Wilson Tells Pope Peace With German Autocracy Cannot Be Considered.

KAISER NOT TO BE TRUSTED

President's Sweeping Embargo Proclamation a Severe Blow to the Teutons—Russians in Council Agree to Continue War—Italians Keep Up Drive on Trieste.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

There can be no peace with the emperor of Germany and the German autocracy because no reliance can be placed on their pledges unless explicitly supported by the will of the German people themselves.

Such is the gist of President Wilson's reply to the pope rejecting, on behalf of the United States, the peace proposals made by his holiness. It was delivered at the Vatican Tuesday and was regarded as the reply of all the nations leagued against the central powers.

Mr. Wilson's note is the climax of the series of magnificent state documents in which he has set forth the claims of world democracy and is another stirring indictment of the autocratic government of Germany. It asserts that peace on the terms proposed by the pope would only give Germany time to recuperate for a renewal of its "furious and brutal" policy by which it seeks to dominate the world; would make necessary a permanent hostile combination of nations against the German people; and would result "in abandoning the new-born Russia to the intrigue, the manifold subtle interference, and the certain counter-revolution which would be attempted by all the malignant influences to which the German government has of late accustomed the world." Again the president makes it clear that America is making war without desire for gain or revenge, and does not seek the infliction of punitive damages, the dismemberment of empires or the establishment of selfish and exclusive economic leagues; but he says no man, no nation could depend on treaties or agreements made by the present German government and "we must await some new evidence of the purposes of the great peoples of the central powers."

German People See the Light.

It is thus made evident that a great change in Germany's form of government, involving the fall of autocracy, is requisite to peace negotiations, and that the German people themselves are becoming convinced of this is shown by the developments of the week in their struggle for democratization and parliamentarism. Not since the war began has there been such freedom of speech and of the press as now exists, and correspondents report that there is now a solid political block in the reichstag in favor of effective guarantees that the imperial government no longer shall make vital decisions without the full knowledge, advice and consent of the representatives of the people.

It is considered likely that Austria, and perhaps Bulgaria and Turkey will soon declare war on the United States, because of the loans our government has made to Italy and other nations that are at war with the Kaiser's allies. Diplomatic relations, of course, were severed long ago, and Uncle Sam can contemplate with serenity a declaration of war because it will really serve to free him from some embarrassing and other activities of those who have been his actual if not avowed enemies.

Embargo is Blow to Kaiser.

One of the most serious blows the Kaiser has yet received was delivered by President Wilson at the beginning of the week when he proclaimed an embargo that gives the United States

absolute control over its exports. It prohibits the export of all articles of commerce to enemy and neutral countries, but it is the intention to care for the needs of neutrals by licensing shipments of such exportations as can be spared after the wants of the United States and its allies have been supplied. A large number of commodities are added to those named in the original embargo order, including fats of all kinds, other foods, construction materials and other articles necessary to the successful prosecution of the war by this government; also gold, bullion, currency and evidences of indebtedness—this in order to conserve the immense store of gold that has been accumulated by the United States in the last three years.

In a statement accompanying the order the president said:

"The purpose and effect of this proclamation is not export prohibition, but merely export control. It is not the intention to interfere unnecessarily with our foreign trade, but our own domestic needs must be adequately safeguarded and there is the added duty of meeting the necessities of all the nations at war with the Imperial German government."

"After these needs are met it is our wish and intention to minister to the needs of the neutral nations as far as our own resources permit. This task will be discharged without other than the very proper qualification that the liberation of our surplus products shall not be made the occasion of benefit to the enemy, either directly or indirectly."

Kerensky Wins Support.

The Russian national council in session in Moscow promises at least to clarify the situation there and definitely line up the forces that are striving to gain control in the new republic. Premier Kerensky admittedly is anxious as to the future, but has stated flatly and fearlessly the position of the government of which he is the head and leading spirit. He warned those who thought the time had come to overthrow the revolutionary power with arms that his patience had its limits and that those who went beyond them would have to settle with a government that will make them remember the time of czarism." He continued:

"We shall be implacable, because we are convinced that supreme power alone can assure the salvation of the country. That is why I shall oppose energetically all attempts to take advantage of Russia's national misfortunes, and whatever ultimatum is presented, I shall subject it to the supreme power and to myself, its head."

Then came Commander in Chief Korniloff with a dramatic speech in which he declared that restoration of the death penalty, stern discipline and unlimited supplies were necessary to restore the morale and fighting spirit in the armies. General Kaledin, leader of the Don Cossacks, followed with a resolution adopted by the Cossacks demanding for the salvation of the country, the continuation of the war in close union with the allies until complete victory was attained.

These and other speeches checked the plans of the discontented, and the leaders of all factions united in declarations that Russia must continue the war and that everything possible must be done to strengthen the provisional government.

Whatever the United States can do to relieve the more pressing of Russia's needs will be done. This President Wilson pledged anew in a message to the national council in which he assured the government every material and moral assistance that the people of this country can give will be given.

The reading of President Wilson's message by Premier Kerensky brought the entire assemblage to its feet with wild and prolonged cheering.

Great Work by the Italians.

General Cadorna's brave Italian troops continued their successful drive against the Austrians throughout the week, gaining more ground and more glory each day. No one who does not know the country or who has not at least seen the moving pictures showing the warfare in the Alps has any conception of the difficulties that confront an advancing army on this front. It is a perfect region for defensive fighting, and now that the Italians

have shown the determination and ability to go forward, the alarmed Austrian commanders are hurrying great numbers of troops to the fighting lines and their resistance is increasing. Some of the heaviest fighting of the week took place on the Bainsizza plateau, where the Italians pushed steadily eastward toward the Upper Carniola border and Ljubljana. At the same time Cadorna's men have been making considerable progress in their advance on Trieste on the Carso front, though details of this movement were withheld by the Italian war office. On Wednesday it was reported that practically all civilians had evacuated Trieste.

The German crown prince has been keeping up his continual counter attacks on the French in the Verdun sector and on the Aisne front, but has been repulsed in every instance, losing great numbers in killed, wounded and especially prisoners. The scene of bloodiest fighting about Verdun shifted to the east bank of the Meuse, where the village of Beaumont was the center of desperate combats. At Dead Man hill, also, the Germans made repeated attempts to regain the positions they had lost.

With bulldog tenacity the British hung on to parts of Lens they had captured, and consolidated them despite almost daily and nightly attacks by Crown Prince Rupprecht's forces. Though heavy rains hampered operations, the English took some more positions east and southeast of Lens, and in the direction of Poelcapelle.

On the Eastern Front.

The advance of the Germans in Romania, Galicia and in the region of Riga slowed up very considerably, and what little news came from those fronts indicated that both the Rumanians and Russians were putting up a creditable fight, except in the region of Fokshani. Perhaps they cannot keep the foe out of southern Russia, but even so the possession of that fertile region would help the Germans little because of the wretched transportation facilities westward. What Germany needs now and is going to need much more in the near future is food, and that cannot be carried long distances inland without railways.

A modification of Germany's policy toward neutrals is indicated by her backdown in the negotiations with Argentina. She has promised indemnity for the destruction of the steamship Tura and virtually pledged the freedom of the seas to vessels flying the Argentine flag.

America's Heavy War Bill.

More than nineteen billion dollars will be required to run the government during the fiscal year 1917-1918, according to the statement of the house ways and means committee made last Monday. This is about fifteen times as much as for an ordinary year. Chairman Kitchin said the loans to the allies would aggregate \$7,000,000,000, the shipping bond will require about \$1,000,000,000, and the other expenses of the government will bring the total to about \$19,300,000,000.

The finance committee of the house and senate have tentatively accepted the recommendation of the treasury department that the proportion of this sum to be raised by taxation to that raised by bond issues shall be about 3 to 7. All but \$2,000,000,000 of the money to be raised is provided for in bills already passed or now pending before the senate or before the house committee.

President Wilson has approved Secretary Daniels' estimate for the construction of a great fleet of destroyers, for which congress is asked to authorize the expenditure of \$350,000,000. The destroyer seems to be the best weapon yet devised to combat the submarine.

Apparently in no way related to the murderous outbreak of colored troops at Houston is the warning issued by the Patriotic Education society, that the Germans are conducting a propaganda in this country to start a general uprising of negroes against the whites, promising German aid and money to finance the insurrection and telling the ignorant negroes that when Germany rules America the blacks will have equal rights with the whites. The story is not so fantastic as it may appear and the society is said to have authentic information supporting its statements.

Two Guard Units at Wyandotte. Two companies of state troops, numbering over 100 men, have been mustered into the service at Wyandotte.

Army Shoes Are Uncomfortable.

General Crowder, provost marshal, has wired Governor Sleeper to advise all drafted Michigan men to take a pair of easy shoes with them to the Battle Creek cantonment. Army shoes, it is suggested, may prove troublesome until men are accustomed to them.

STATE IS FIGHTING MAKERS OF OLEO

WOODWORTH, FOOD COMMISSIONER, SAYS MOST PACKAGES ARE SHORT WEIGHT.

SHOW SAMPLES AT STATE FAIR

Manufacturers Claim, Cold Storage Shrinks Weight, Punctured By Tests Made By State.

Lansing. Fred Woodworth, state dairy and food commissioner, has decided to prosecute manufacturers of oleomargarine, also exposed them by an exhibit of 14 brands of short-weight packages at the Michigan state fair, and plans a campaign of more publicity against them.

Practically all packages of butter substitutes were found to be from an ounce to two ounces under weight. The manufacturers claimed that this was shrinkage due to cold storage. The state then bought 30 pounds of "oleo" and put it in cold storage. The entire 30 pounds shrank but two ounces, showing that claims of two ounces shrinkage a pound are untrue. Michigan consumers are defrauded of \$50,000 a year by oleomargarine manufacturers, according to Woodworth. He will not prosecute dealers, as they handle original packages.

Guards Anxious to Move.

Between 900 and 1,000 buildings are nearing completion at Camp MacArthur, Waco, Tex., where the Michigan units of the National Guard will train.

One of the most important places under construction is the camp hospital. It will cover approximately 90 acres and include 50 buildings.

More than 30,000 troops, together with two squadrons of aviators, will train at Waco.

A feature of the camp will be the aviation school. It will be one unit, or two squadrons, and cost about \$750,000. There will be a permanent staff of officers in charge and instructors and a constant stream of students. The wooden hangars are 60x120 feet. Twenty-four barracks will house 600 men. The aviation field covers 702 acres.

The men now encamped at Grayling are anxious to start the trip south.

Eager as these same men were while on the Mexican border to return home, they could have found more lucid arguments than now advanced for immediate return to the sunny southwest, especially since word has been received that Camp MacArthur is nearly ready for their reception.

The primary reason given for this attitude is the natural unrest and desire of all soldiers to be active and on the move.

Standard Barrel Law in Force.

For the first time in the history of the state a standard "dry measure" barrel law is in force, as this act of the 1917 legislature became effective September 1. The act provides for enforcement of the law by the dairy and food commissioner. According to the law, all fruits, vegetables and other dry commodities must be packed in standard sized barrels.

The law which is now enacted for the benefit of the Michigan public is in fact the Federal statute word for word. It was passed at the express wish of the Michigan manufacturers of barrels who complained that the outside barrels were not the proper size and were short. Quite a few barrels from Ohio, carrying for the most part apples have been coming into Michigan in years past and the new law will stop it.

Traverse Protests Phone Rate Raise.

The city of Traverse City has filed a petition for an injunction in the Grand Traverse circuit, asking that the railroad commission be restrained from putting into effect an order raising the rate for citizens' telephones in that city. The case involves the right of the commission to control public utilities, irrespective of any contract a city may have made with the utility company. The commission will move for a dismissal of the petition on the ground that the Traverse circuit has no jurisdiction, the state law compelling the bringing of all such cases in Ingham county.

Ultimately, the entire matter will go before the supreme court.

State to Be Airplane Center.

Aeroplane motors for the United States army—thousands of them—are to be manufactured in Detroit. Henry M. Leland and Wilfred C. Leland, who resigned as president and general manager of the Cadillac Motor Car Co. some time ago, have organized a new company for the manufacture of these motors. The new concern is known as the Lincoln Motor Co. and the capitalization is \$1,500,000.

Eugenic Law Held Invalid.

One of the so-called "eugenic laws" of the 1913 legislature has for the second time been held invalid by a court. Judge Williams has decreed that the board of control of the Michigan Home and Training School could not perform a certain operation upon Nora Reynolds, an inmate. The probate court of the county had already decided the same thing, but the state, as represented by the board of control appealed to the circuit court. The supreme court has been appealed to.

Two Guard Units at Wyandotte.

Two companies of state troops, numbering over 100 men, have been mustered into the service at Wyandotte.

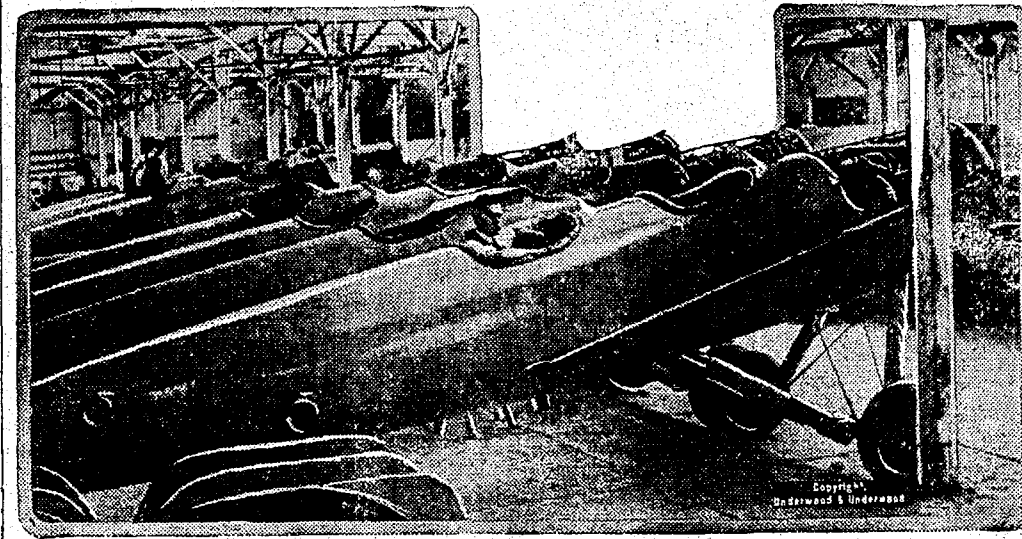
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1—Miss Virginia Heul of Swampscott, Mass., daughter of Anne Hathaway, the poetess, who is going to Belgium to drive an ambulance for L'Aide Civile at Militaire Belge. 2—Members of the heroic "Legion of Death," composed of Russian women, drilling in skirmish formation. 3—Republican soldiers of China marching back to their barracks after helping suppress the attempt to restore the Manchukuo emperor.

TURNING OUT UNCLE SAM'S AIR FLEET



General scene in an airplane manufacturing plant showing line-up of machines almost finished and ready for the government's service. This factory turns out scores of machines each month.

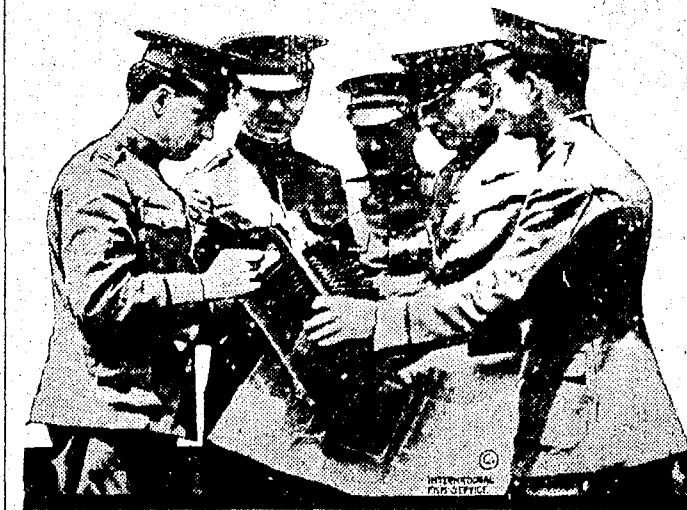
GENERAL CURRIE KNIGHTED ON THE FIELD

LEADS LEGION OF DEATH



Brig. Gen. Sir Arthur Currie, the first native Canadian to head the Canadian overseas fighting forces, being knighted by King George on his majesty's recent visit to the western front.

PREPARING TO PHOTOGRAPH THE WAR



The war department has called upon a group of expert photographers to organize a photograph division of the signal corps, which will do all the camera work for the United States in the war zone. Several of these experts are here shown examining a new model camera.

IN A NUTSHELL

The College of Hawaii has added a four-year course in sugar technology.

A wireless station, open to the public, has been opened in Tierra del Fuego.

About \$500,000,000 a year is being spent on education in the United States.

Chinese rats stags for their horns, which are cut off when soft and used in the manufacture of native medicines.

When cooked by electricity meats shrink less than when cooked by coal.

For fighting lumber yard fires a monitor hose nozzle has been designed to be mounted on lumber stacking machines.

Japanese copper mines yielded 111,562 tons of ore last year, an increase of nearly 30,000 tons from the preceding year.

For railroad men a Michigan inventor has patented a pocket flashlight that shows red from one end and white from the other.

Mme. Botchkarev, leader of the "Legion of Death," the organization of Russian women who are fighting heroically on the eastern battle line. Mme. Botchkarev, who was wounded in battle, is shown wearing several decorations bestowed on her for valor.

Haiti Sweetly Grateful.

Grateful for what the United States has done for it under the recent treaty, the republic of Haiti, it was announced by bankers, would add about 70,000,000 pounds of sugar to this country's supply next season. This supply will be the first year's output of the Haytian American corporation, formed immediately after the American protectorate was inaugurated, insuring protection for foreign capital. The corporation expected to ship here only about 20,000,000 pounds of sugar, but to meet desire of the United States government for increased food supplies, the company has found it possible to more than treble its shipments to the United States.—New York American.

Man's Aspirations.

The more a man knows the clearer becomes his consciousness of ignorance. The greater his virtues the more keenly sensible is he of his defects. The nearer he approaches to perfection the more strongly does he feel that his aspirations can only be fully realized in the great hereafter.—Exchange.

An Optimist.

Latest definition of an optimist: A man who takes all the lemons handed him and makes lemonade out of them.

EXTRA RATIONS FOR MINERS

Austrian Authorities Take Steps to Increase the Production of Coal in the Empire.

Herr von Hannann, the recently appointed Austrian minister of public works, started the Austrian chamber of deputies by giving it his official opinion that the coal crisis had become a vital question for Austria-Hungary, according to Vienna advices. The situation, declared the minister, was one

which must be faced without optimism and with the utmost seriousness.

In an effort, justified by the seriousness of the situation, to remedy matters, continued the minister, 12,000 miners have been brought back to the mines from the front, but during August the authorities had been unable to effect an increase in production because of the under-nourishment of the workers and their consequent inability to work hard or put in long hours. The failure of the men to achieve the desired result was due not to bad

faith but to impotence, he pointed out, and he insisted that the miners of the country must be accorded extra rations even at the expense of other classes of the population.

After the ministerial speech had been delivered the economic committee of the chamber introduced a bill, to take effect at once, creating a government monopoly of coal and authorizing the government to take measures to prohibit the heating of places of amusement except theaters and museums and to close luxurious hotels.



Grayling Opera House to-night, Sept. 6; matinee 2:30, evening 7:00

Treating Seed Grain Against Smut.

To the Farmers of Crawford County: I desire once more to call the attention of the farmer to the extreme importance of treating his seed grain against smut.

The operation is now so simple and inexpensive that there is no longer any excuse for not doing it.

Remember that under our new Federal Grain Inspection rules that grain will be docked for smut and the farmer will have to stand the expense of cleaning it which will be about fifteen cents per bushel, besides the loss of yield.

Would you rather pay this much per bushel next year than two cents per bushel expense for treating seed now?

Go to the drug store and purchase one pint of common commercial formaldehyde for every fifty bushels of grain you intend sowing; put it in a common hand sprayer; put the grain in a pile on the granary floor; if two are working let one spray the seed while the other turns it over like mixing mortar; get it all sprayed; cover with clean sacks or blankets for four hours—no more; uncover and spread out to air after which it may be sown or bagged in clean bags.

Don't put treated seed in smutty bags; treat your grain drill to a wash of formaldehyde before using; don't put treated seed in ground that raised smutty grain the year before.

Will you be among the grain fa-

mers or the chicken feed raisers?

To follow this plan for your fall grains also, for your oats next spring will mean dollars and cents to you during the coming year.

Sincerely Yours,
Wm. F. Johnston,
Agricultural Agent,
Roscommon, Sept. 1, 1917.

Meeting of the County Board of Road Commissioners.

Grayling, Michigan,
August 18th, 1917.

Minutes of the first meeting of the Board of County Road Commissioners of the County of Crawford, held at the office of the County Clerk pursuant to call.

The following commissioners were present at the meeting:

T. W. Hanson, B. Peter Johnson, Ralph Hanna.

On motion duly seconded: T. W. Hanson was elected chairman of the Board.

On motion duly seconded the clerk of the Board was requested to call a public meeting to be held in the Court room of the County building at the village of Grayling on Monday September 10th, 1917 at 2 p. m. and that he issue a special invitation to the State Highway Commissioner, the Board of Road Commissioners of Otsego and Roscommon counties, all of the Supervisors of the County of Crawford, and that the general public be urged to attend this meeting for

the purpose of laying out a competent road system for the county, and for the purpose of a discussion of a proposition of a bond issue.

On motion duly seconded the clerk was instructed to have published in the Crawford County Avalanche, all proceedings of this Board.

On motion duly seconded the clerk was instructed and given authority to purchase all necessary office equipment, stationery and records that will be required for the use of the board.

There being no further business to come before this meeting on motion duly seconded the meeting was adjourned.

T. W. HANSON,
Chairman.

Frank Sales,
Clerk.

Eldorado Nuggets.

Morton Kline returned Friday to his home in Louisville, Ky., after spending a few weeks with his family at the Crane farm.

Mrs. Amelia Gill of Chicago is spending a few days with friends here; Nigel Cosand of St. Ann, Neb., called here by the illness of his brother, Laverne, who is confined in Mercy Hospital, Grayling, returned last week after a short visit at the home of his father, W. G. Cosand.

Miss Effie Sherman of Maple Forest spent the week end with friends here.

Ivan Cosand left Sunday night to attend the State Fair at Detroit, he being the eighth grader to stand the highest at the Spring examinations.

Miss Eunice Needham of Escanaba arrived Saturday to take charge of the Weber School for the ensuing year.

L. J. Miller of Sandusky, Mich., was a visitor at the Williams farm last week.

Mrs. William Williams and little son, James, of Grayling are spending a few days with relatives here.

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Avalanche Tobacco Fund For Our Soldiers in Europe

The good women of the country are knitting sweaters, socks, wristbands and all sorts of comfortable things to send to the soldiers at the front. What about tobacco? There is nothing you can think of that will give more comfort and solace to those men than tobacco.

This paper has made all arrangements to send tobacco, and not only that, but is going to send the most popular brands in this country—the kinds that many of the men have used at home and that they all know are good.

Tobacco can be sent to Europe without tax, import duty or freight. Through the generosity of leading tobacco manufacturers we are enabled to send 50c worth of smoking tobacco, chewing tobacco or cigarettes for 25c.

It will be worth many quarters to receive grateful acknowledgement of your donation from some soldier at the front. A return post card stamped and addressed to you will be placed in each package you donate.

Send us a quarter if that is all you can spare, or more if you can spare it. This is a time to make sacrifices for the comfort of those who are risking their lives. Send one dollar, ten dollars, or one hundred dollars if you can spare it. There won't be any too much tobacco to go around. The names of all those who make donations and the amounts donated will be published in this newspaper from time to time.

Cut out the form below, fill it out for as liberal an amount as you can afford and send to us with your contribution without delay as it is important to get tobacco to the other side as quickly as it can be done.

CRAWFORD AVALANCHE, Grayling, Mich.

In accordance with your offer to send popular brands of tobacco and cigarettes to our soldiers in Europe in units of 50c packages, each for 25c, I enclose \$_____ and will thank you to send the kinds I have marked below and enclose in each package a stamped return post card addressed to me.

.....25c pkg. No. 1. Popular cigarettes having retail value of 50c
.....25c pkg. No. 2. Popular pipe tobacco having retail value of 50c
.....25c pkg. No. 3. Popular cigarette tobacco having retail value of 50c
.....25c pkg. No. 4. Popular plug chewing tobacco having retail value of 50c

(Your Name).....
(Street Address).....
(City and State).....

Again a Movie Actor.



JACK BARRYMORE.

John Barrymore, who said "never again" when he quit acting for the screen and returned to the stage a year ago, has succumbed and has again become a movie actor. He is appearing in a picture based upon Louis Joseph Vance's story, "The Lone Wolf."

How One Works.

You girls who think it's easy to work in the movies just note one day's program of Jackie Saunders:

Up at 6 o'clock.
Practice on piano till 7, then breakfast and conferences with maids and cook. Drives to studio.

Makes up and drives to location. Is shot in eight or ten scenes, then back to luncheon at 1 o'clock.

Drives to Los Angeles, twenty-five miles.

An hour at the hairdresser's.
An hour at the dressmaker's.
An hour at the photographer's.

A hasty dinner.
Drive back to studio.
It is now 6 o'clock.

Works till 11 in indoor studio and home by midnight.
Up at 6 o'clock.

Fritzi Brunette is known as one of the best dressed actresses on the screen.

Thomas Santschi not only plays the piano well, but is the author of a number of popular songs.

Will Machin, who plays Captain De Trevigne in "The Garden of Allah," was born in England.

Clarissa Selwynne, English actress, has just received the sad news of her mother's death in England.

Henry Walthall once studied to become a lawyer in the University of Alabama.

Ice skating on the roof of her hotel has been one of the diversions of Marguerite Clayton.

STATE GAME, FISH AND FOREST FIRE DEPARTMENT OF THE PUBLIC DOMAIN COMMISSION.

Order Fixing The Time and Place For Public Hearing.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
County of Ingham.

A petition having been filed with this department, signed by a majority of the members of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Crawford, Michigan, asking that a time and place be fixed for a public hearing to determine the advisability of suspending, abridging or otherwise regulating the open season now fixed by law on the following animals and birds, to wit: deer and partridge, because of the threatened depletion or extermination of such animals and birds, on account of cold, wet breeding seasons and forest fires in said County.

Therefore, I John Baird, State Game, Fish and Forest Fire Commissioner of the Public Domain Commission of Michigan, do hereby designate and fix the said time and place for the said public hearing as follows, to-wit: The said hearing will be held in the village of Grayling on the 25th day of September 1917 at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court house, which hearing may be continued or adjourned for such time as may be deemed advisable by the said Commissioner to afford all persons interested an opportunity to be heard in regard to the petition to suspend, abridge or regulate the open season on said game animals and birds.

Given under my hand and seal this twenty-fourth day of August 1917.

John Baird
State Game, Fish and Forest Fire Commissioner of the Public Domain Commission.
(Seal) 8-30-3

Stomach and Liver Troubles.

No end of misery and actual suffering is caused by disorders of the stomach and liver, and may be avoided by the use of Chamberlain's Tablets. Give them a trial. They only cost a quarter.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford

At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the Village of Grayling in said county, on the 20th day of August, A. D., 1917.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Theodore Jendron

B. Peter Johnson having filed in said court a petition, praying for license to sell the interest of said estate in certain real estate therein described.

It is ordered, that the 10th day of September, A. D. 1917, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition, and that all persons interested in said estate appear before said court, at said time and place, to show cause why a license to sell the interest of said estate in said real estate should not be granted.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper, printed and circulated in said county.

OSCAR PALMER,
Judge of Probate.

A true copy.
OSCAR PALMER,
Judge of Probate.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, ss.

Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. Gleason,
Notary Public

Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75 cents.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office, in the village of Grayling, in said county, on the 20th day of August, A. D. 1917.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Christoffer Hanson, deceased.

Hansine K. Hanson having filed in said court a petition praying that said court inquire and determine who were at the time of his death the legal heirs of said deceased and entitled to inherit the real estate of which said deceased died seized.

It is ordered, that the 10th day of September, A. D. 1917, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

OSCAR PALMER,
Judge of Probate.

A true copy.
OSCAR PALMER,
Judge of Probate.

Manistee & N. E. R. R. Time Card

In effect May 6th, 1916.

Read Down.		Read Up.	
A. M. P. M.	Ar	A. M. P. M.	Ar
7.00	Grayling	11.20	Grayling
7.15	Resort	11.35	Resort
7.30	Sigma	11.50	Sigma
7.45	Rowley	12.05	Rowley
8.00	Walcott	12.20	Walcott
8.15	Buckley	12.35	Buckley
8.30	Glengary	12.50	Glengary
8.45	Ry Brch	1.05	Ry Brch
9.00	Kaleva	1.20	Kaleva
9.15	Chief Lake	1.35	Chief Lake
9.30	Norwalk	1.50	Norwalk
9.45	Manistee	2.05	Manistee

A. M. P. M.	Ar	A. M. P. M.	Ar
7.25	Manistee	11.25	Manistee
7.40	Kaleva	11.35	Kaleva
7.55	Copemish	11.50	Copemish
8.10	Nessen Cy	12.05	Nessen Cy
8.25	Platte Rvr	12.20	Platte Rvr
8.40	Lake Ann	12.35	Lake Ann
8.55	Solon	12.50	Solon
9.10	Fouch	1.05	Fouch
9.25	Traverse C	1.20	Traverse C

† Daily, except Sunday.
* Local freight trains.

Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN
The Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, in Chancery.

Bert Eagon, Plaintiff,
vs.
Alice Eagon, Defendant.

In this cause, it appearing to the satisfaction of the court now here and by affidavit on file, that the defendant, Alice Eagon, is unknown and that it cannot be ascertained in what state or county she resides:

On motion of Glen Smith, attorney for plaintiff, it is ordered that the appearance of the said defendant, Alice Eagon, be entered in this cause within three months from the date of this order; and that in case of her appearance that she cause her answer to the bill of complaint to be filed and a copy thereof served upon the attorney for the plaintiff within fifteen days after service on her or her attorney of a copy of said bill, and in default thereof that said bill be taken as confessed by the said defendant, Alice Eagon.

And it is further ordered, that the said plaintiff cause this order to be published in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed, published and circulated in said county, and that such publication be commenced within twenty days from the date of this order, and that such publication be continued therein once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that the said plaintiff cause a copy of this order to be personally served on the said defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for her appearance.

Dated June 28th, 1917.
NELSON SHARPE,
Circuit Judge.

Examined, countersigned and entered by me: Frank Sales, Clerk.

GLEN SMITH,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Business address Grayling, Mich. 7-5-7

WALL PAPERING and DECORATING

The latest and most approved designs for wall covering. Also all kinds of house painting.

EXPERT WORKMANSHIP

ORDERS PROMPTLY LOOKED AFTER

Conrad Sorenson
Painter and Decorator

Phone 611 Grayling

HUMPHREYS

Humphreys' Homeopathic Remedies are designed to meet the needs of families or individuals—something that mother, father, nurse or invalid can take or give to meet the need of the moment. Have been in use for over FIFTY YEARS.

No.	FOR	Per
1.	Fever, Congestions, Inflammations...	25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever...	25
3.	Colic, Cramping, Wakefulness of Infants...	25
4.	Diarrhea of Children and Adults...	25
5.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis...	25
6.	Toothache, Eczema, Neuralgia...	25
7.	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo...	25
8.	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach...	25
9.	Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis...	25
10.	Eczema, Eruptions...	25
11.	Rheumatism, Lumbago...	25
12.	Fever and Ague, Malaria...	25
13.	Piles, Hemorrhoids, Internal Hemorrhoids...	25
14.	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in Head...	25
15.	Whooping Cough...	25
16.	Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing...	25
17.	Disorders of the Kidneys...	25
18.	Urinary Incontinence...	25
19.	Sore Throat, Quinsy...	25
20.	Grip, Grippe, La Grippe...	25

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. Medical Book mail order.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC CO.
Corner William and Ann Streets, New York

PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Grayling, in said county, on the 22nd day of August, A. D., 1917.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of